Ministry of Education

Farwaniya Educational Area

Al-Mulia ABDEL Azeez Intermediate School for Boys



Grade Seven Second Term Written with

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UNIT 7 Lessons 1&2 VOCABULARY

Words	Meaning	Definitions		
engine (n)		the part of a vehicle which makes it move		
inventor (n)		someone who has invented something		
flight (n)		a journey in a plane		
invitation (n)	n) a written or spoken request to someone to go somewhere			
astronaut (n)		someone who travels and works in a spacecraft		
designer (n)		Someone who makes plans or patterns for clothes.		
probably (adv)		something is likely to happen		
A)Fill in the spaces		<u>from the list:</u> ntor – probably –designer– invitation)		
B)What would you	say in the fol			
1) Someone says, 1s	saac Newton v	was a great scientist."		
2) Your friend wants	s to take you t	to the club, but you are busy.		
3) Your friend's birtl	nday is tomor	row.		
		SET BOOK		
<u>C)Answer the follo</u> 1) What was Al-Idri		<u>ns:</u>		
2) Mention some of	Al-Idrisi's ach	nievements.		
3) Who was Leonard	do Davinci?			
4) What did Davinci	invent?			
5)What's the most fa	mous painting	g in the world?		
6) What did the Wri	ght brothers in	nvent?		

<u>UNIT 7</u>

Lessons 3&4

VOCABULARY

		ri ma i ma	*		,	
,	Words	Meaning		Definitions	,	
5	issue (n)	y man i m	a magazine or newspaper printed for a particular day			
,	film (v)	z uno e mare e mar e e e e La compania e mar e e mar e e e	a magazine or newspaper printed for a particular day to use a camera to record a story or an event			
	cultural (adj)	g van e mar e mar	relating to a society and	l its life		
	quite (adv)	s mas mas mas mas mas mas mas mas mas ma	fairly or very			
	relative (n)	r mer muse muse muse muse muse muse muse muse	a member of your famil	lv	AN OWNER OF THE PROPERTY OF TH	
Δ,	Choose the righ	t word from a, b.	c and d:	- 3	and the second s	
		/				
-,	•	b)rel		ngines	d)astronauts	
2)	Did you buy yest	terday's	of Al-Watan newsp	U	,	
	a) issue	b)de		rtist		
3)	My camera fell a	nd broke when I	wasmy bi	rother's birthda	ny party.	
	a)filming	b)po	uring c)st	irring	d)baking	
4)	Kuwait has a lot	of	places like the Scienti	fic Centre and	Bait Al-Badr.	
	a)cultural	b)spi	icy c)qı	uiet	d)handicapped	
			<u>GRAMMAR</u>			
			The past simple	•		
	1- <u>Usage</u> : It re		that happened in the past	Ĺ <u>.</u>		
/	2- Form:			_		
	2.1.Affirmative	: It takes the seco	ond form of the verb. Ver	bs usually end	s with (ed) except	
	<u>irregular verbs</u>	<u>•</u>				
e.g * He played football last week .						
	2.2 Negative: use did not and the verb in the first form					
$\ $	•		st week. *They	_	•	
$\$			e subject and with (the fi			
		•	eek? * Did h	0	• "	
`	3-Key words: yesterday, ago, last night, last week, last month, last year.					

B)Choose the correct answer from a, b, c and d:

1you	read a book yesterda	ay?	
a- Was	b- Were	c- Do	d- Did
2- We	not play football la	ast weekend.	
a- did	b- was	c- were	d- do
3- Did you	Arabic on T	uesday afternoon?	
a- studying	b- studied	c- study	d- studies
4- When did you	Hamad yo	esterday?	
a- see	b- saw	c- seeing	d- seen

<u>UNIT 7</u> <u>Lessons 5&6</u>

,	Words	Meaning		Definitions		
í		9 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 9 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140 140	the official	home of a king or queen		
	mausoleum (n					
	concert (n)		a performan	ice by musicians or singe	rs	
:	www.menuenenenenenenenenenenenenenenenenenen	9 1000 2000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 : :	something t	hat makes you feel surpri	ise	
	ruin (n)	9 1000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2	the part of b	ouilding that is left after it	t is destroyed	
)	declare (v)	to state publicly that something is true				
,	familiar (adj)		something of	or someone that is well-ki	nown	
	e-card (n)		a card with	pictures and information	on a computer	
	<u>Choose the right v</u>	<u>vord from a, b</u>	o, c and d :		•	
1)Y			ne .I think we	e met somewhere before		
	a)familiar	,	ıltural			
2)R				st valuable player in 2013		
2) 4	a) filmed	,		c) argued	d) scientist	
3)A		-		formation on a computer.		
4) T	a)e-card	,	oncert	c) issue	d) wonder	
4) L				nusicians and singers from		
	a) concert	<u>D) pa</u>		c) mausoleum	d) ruin	
D) (YI	4	GRAM			
<u>B)C</u> 1)T	Choose the correction Berners-lee	t answer from	in England	<u>l :</u> d in1954		
1)1		b) a		c) was born	d)are born	
2)H	e didn't	•		3) 11 332 12 3 = =	,	
	a) become	b) b	ecomes	c) became	,	
3)M	ly mother went sh	opping and		meat ,rice and vegetabl	es.	
	=		-	c)bought	d)buys	
4)It		_	_	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		
5)33	a) start	·	_	c) starts	d)started	
5) W	Then I got home, I		_		J) !	
C)I	a) received Oo as shown betw	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		c) receiving	d) receive	
	The zookeeper fed			(Ask a qu	nestion)	
 2) A	Ali loves having In			(Make ne		
				(1viane ne	,	
	didn't film the inte			(Question		
					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	

	SET BOOK
D)Answer the	following questions:
1) What are the	e seven wonders of the world?
••••	
2) Where is Ag	gra?
3)What's Taj N	Iahal?
4)What can yo	u enjoy doing in India?
	<u>SPELLING</u>
	missing letters: e is q-it- interesting.
2) The name in	n the e-c-rd is fam- li- r to me.
3) He'll pro–a-	- ly send the — nvi— ation next week.
4) The king in	vited his rel– t– ves to stay in his pal–c– .
F)Combine th	<u>e following:</u>
1) listen + ing	=
2) life + s	=
3) travel + ed	=
4) fly + s	=
G)Write shor	t or long form:
1) will not	=
2) can't	=

3) she has

4) I am

=

=

COMPOSITION

Write a composition of	two paragraphs (6 sen	tences) about (A	
and phrases may help y First paragraph : Al-Io Second paragraph : ma	drisi – born – Morocco - ap – silver –Roger's Boo	k- medicine - pl	
	<u>Al-Id</u>	<u>lrisi</u>	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
•••••			\
7	READING COM		
Read the following pass	sage then answer the qu	<u>uestions:</u>	
because it didn't eat the the dog. The fox had a ve followed it round and r	meat. The fox hadn't early clever plan. It began und. The rope was also gwas too short for the do	ten anything for to walk slowly going around the to get to reach the plant	erhaps the dog wasn't hungry two days, but it was afraid of around the tree, and the dog tree and becoming shorter and ate. Then ,the cunning fox ate
1) The fox came to the fa	arm		
	b) in the evening	c)at night	d) in the afternoon
2) The dog	the meat. b) didn't eat	c) took	d)didn't like
3) The rope was	•	c) took	ujululi t like
a) too long	b) too short	c) too fast	d) too high
B) Answer the following	g questions:		
4) What was the dog tied	l to?		
5) Why did the fox think	the dog wasn't hungry?		
6) Who put the plate of r	neat on the ground?		

UNIT 8 Lessons 1&2 VOCABULARY

r	y	<u> </u>			
Wor	ds ,	Meaning	y.	Definitio	ns
_* governor	(n)	*	the person with the power to control a country		
golden	(adj)	^	having a bright yellow colour		
bow	(v)	^	to bend the	top part of your body	y forward
tailor	(n)		someone w	ho makes men's cloth	nes
stuck	(adj)		unable to m	ove	
tear	(v)		to damage	something by pulling	hard
A)Choose tl	r	word from a, b ,	···		
				es the city.	
				c) designer	
2) My ball v				I had to use a ladder	_
a\ m1	•	d b) stuck		,	d) admired
*		made this			1) 4
		b) gover			d) astronaut
4) 10u wiii 1	a) bow	b) tear		opies and start again. — c) declare	d) vote
	a) bow				u) voic
P)What was	uld von co	y in the following	UAGE FUN		
		ou a present.	<u>situations.</u>	:	
1)10011100					
2)You are	at the supe	rmarket and you v	vant to know	the price of a packet	of tea.
3)Your fat	her always	drives his car too	fast.		
			4 4		
4) One of y	your friend	says that you sho	uld respect th	ne others.	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••
			SET BOOK	<u> </u>	
		ng questions:			
1) What doe	s a governo	or do "?			
2) Who mak	es men's cl	othes?			
3)What's "Sabah Al Ahmed Reserve "?					
4) What was released in "Sabah Al Ahmed Reserve "?					
4) What was	released 11	n Sabah Al Ahme	ed Keserve "	!	

UNIT 8 Lessons 3&4

,	ν	VO.	CABULARY	
Words	,	Meaning		Definitions
daily (a	dv.)	· · ·	done every day	
astronomy	(n)	, t	he study of the stars	and planets
philosophy	(n)	į t	he study of nature an	nd meaning of existence
gladiator	(n)	3	a soldier who fought	against men or animals
chariot	(n)	3 أ.	a vehicle with two wh	neels pulled by a horse
race	(n)	8	a competition betwee	n runners
baths	(n)	3	a public building whe	ere people wash themselves
A)Fill in the sp	aces with	words from the	<u>list:</u>	
3) You should v	wash your	teeth at least thre, we study the	ry, geography and e times nature and meaning	
no longer true.	t too muc	h fast food, now l	I eat healthy food.	that the action or the situation is
B)Do as shown	in brack	ets:		
1)I drank milk.				(Use: used to)
2) They used to	speak En	glish at home.		(Negative)
3) Adel used to				(Ask a question)
C)Choose the	correct an	swer from a,b,c		
a)study 2) In the past, 1	people	b)studied to ha	c first in the English c c)studies ave washing machine	d)studying es in their homes.
			c)didn't use aths with his father.	d)not used
a) go		b) went		d) goes

PASSIVE VOICE

We often choose to use the passive when we want to talk about an action, but aren't interested in saying who or what does it.

- *Ali studied Arabic.
- * Arabic was studied by Ali.

<u>D)Do as shown in brackets:</u>	(D)
1) Zeyad bought a new car last week.	(Passive)
2)Karim (have) breakfast at seven yesterday.	(Correct)
3)She hugged the baby.	(Passive)
4) The policeman took the thieves to prison.	(Passive)
5)The news surprised us all.	(Passive)
6) A thief stole Mohammed's painting .	(Passive)
SET BOOK	
E)Answer the following questions:	
1) What was Jerash?	
2) What subjects did students study in ancient Jerash?	
3) What did gladiators do?	
4) What did the people in Jerash use for furniture?	
5)Where did the people in Jerash go for entertainment?	
F)Give long or short form:	
1) Tuesday =	
2) Haven't =	
3) would not =	
G)Fill in the missing letters:	
1) Ch—iot r— c—s were very popular in ancient times.	
✓ 1 1	

2) My favourite subjects are ast-ono- y and p-ilos- phy .

UNIT 8 Lessons 5&6 VOCABULARY

Words	Meaning	Definitions		
medieval (adj.)		connected with the middle ages		
dynasty (n)		a period when a family ruled a country		
rule (n)		the government of a country by some people		
introduce (v)		to bring a plan into use for the first time		
manuscript (n)		a book or document written by hand		
calligraphy (n)	S. C. Sameraman	the art of producing beautiful writing		
glassmaking (n)		the process of making glass		
	<u>t word from a, b , c a</u>	<u>nd d :</u>		
,		luable 500,000		
a) manuscripts		c) gladiators d) dynasties		
	is the art of produ			
_		c) Manuscript d)Philosophy		
		ts and farming techniques to Europe.		
a) introduced	·	,		
		in the Medieval Period.		
a) calligraphy				
		GE FUNCTIONS		
B) Write what you was 1) A friend of yours is	ould say in the follow s smoking.	<u>ving situations:</u>		
2) Samaana aaya !! M.	oot of Caria versa vandam	the Islamia mile in the Medievel Davied "		
2) Someone says, Wi	ost of Spain was under	the Islamic rule in the Medieval Period."		
3)Your brother has pa	issed all his exams.			
•••••	<u> </u>	TT DOOK		
C) A navyon the fellow		ET BOOK		
C)Answer the follow	the Medieval period?			
1) Who fuled Spain if	i ilie Medievai period?			
2) What was Cordoba	.?			
3) Why did students f	rom all over Europe co	ome to Islamic Spain?		
4) How did Muslims i	introduce new farming	techniques to Europe?		

5) where did the musical instruments come from to Europe?	
6) Name musical instruments which came to Europe from the Arabs.	•••••
7) What arts did Medieval Spain have?	•••••
8) What subjects did scholars in Islamic Spain study?	•••••
9) How did Indian numbers help Arab mathematicians?	•••••
SPELLING D)Supply the missing letters:	
1) Gladi– to– s fought men with ch– ri– ts.	
2) Glsmaking was one of the arts in mieval Spain.	
3) This d– n– sty r– led for many years.	
E)Combine the following:	
1) Dynasty + s =	
3) Drop + ing =	
F)Write a composition of two paragraphs (6 sentences) about (Your last weekend)). These
guide words and phrases may help you:	
<u>First paragraph</u> : last weekend – park – family – car	
<u>Second paragraph</u> : many things – lunch –play – take photos – happy	
My last weekend	

UNIT 9

Lessons 1&2

VOCABULARY

		TOOTBOMILLI	וו
wan in an in	Meaning	Defin	itions
reward (1	n)	something you get because	you did something good.
lazy	j)	not liking work and physical acti	
earn (v	**************************************	to receive money for the wo	rk that you do
throw in the result of the re	w	to get rid of something that	you don't want or need
		a piece of metal that is used	as money
complain (v)	to say that you are annoyed or unhap	
A)Fill in the spaces	with words from	the list:	mat mai tami tami tami tami tami tami ta
2)peo 3)a	me aple never get any ne metal pieces that	azy — reward — coins — co because I got high marks in to rewards. at can be used as money. but nobody can solve the prob	he exam
		SET BOOK	
B)Answer the follo	wing questions:		,
1)When do people g	et rewards?		
2)How can people e	arn money?		
3)What are the rewa	rds of hard work ?)	
		GRAMMAR	
y –	•	use (Have to/has to).	
*You have to wo		y uga (Dan't have ta/Dagan'	t have to
	e to do his homewo	v, use (Don't have to/Doesn' ork	t nave to).
	personal necessity,		
* I must study m	-	* Í must phone my i	mother
* To talk about s	something forbidde	en, use (Mustn't)	
* You mustn't sta	<u> </u>		
C)Choose the corre			
		show your passport here.	J) J
	to b) mustn't	c) have to	d) doesn't have to
		nere .It is a no parking area. ce to c) has to	d) have to
		get up early	a, nuve to
, = ===== 15 4 11.		A STATE OF THE STA	

c) have to

d)don't have to

b)doesn't have to

a) has to

UNIT 9 Lessons 3&4

YOCABULARY.

Words		Meaning	Definitions		
animal trainer	(n)	e (1000 (1000 (1000 (1000 (1000 (1000 (1000 (1000 (1000 (1000 (1000 (someone who	o trains animals for	sport or work
park ranger	(n) -				t or a national park
zookeeper	(n)		a person who	looks after animal	s in a zoo
, marine biolo	gist(n)		someone who	studies the sea and c	reatures that live there
					i a namana nama nama nama nama nama nama
enthusiastic	(adj)	2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	feeling a lot of	of interest about son	nething
flexible	(adj)	2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	a person or a	plan that can be ch	anged easily
A)Choose the					
1) Police dogs	are train	ed by good			
	_			c) zookeepers	d) park rangers
2) A					
			_	c) park ranger	d) marine biologist
3) An athlete s			•		
		•		c) enthusiastic	•
				has to be a good s	
a) animal t	rainer	D) Z00	okeeper 	c) park ranger	d) marine biologist
			SET BOOK		
B)Answer the following questions:					
1) What does	an anima	al trainer do?			
2) Where doe	s a park	ranger work?)		
3) Why does	a marine	biologist hav	ve to be a good	swimmer?	
4) What does a marine biologist study?					
•••••				·····	
GRAMMAR					
C)Chaosa tha a	arraat ar	agwarg from	a h a and d :		
C)Choose the c				you don't like it.	
a) have to		b) don't ha		~	d) didn't have to
•		•	•	s no school tomorro	
		b) have to			d) had to
a) don t		Sy mare to	c, uo	Con that to	u, 1144 to

3) Youtalk 11	n class. It is bad beha	viour.	
a) have to	b) don't have to		d)must
4) I	forget my mum's b	ourthday tomorrow.	1) 1:1 141
a) doesn't have to			d) didn't have to
5) Saif's a sports person. He			d) don't have to
a) has to 6) You	b) mustn't		
a) should			
D)Do as shown between bra	·	c) have to	u- must
1) You have to play tennis e			(Make negative)
2) Students must wear a unif	orm at school.		(Ask a question)
3) Hani wrote some letters ye	•		(Make passive)
4) Ahmed has to go to the clu	ub every day .		(Make negative)
	<u>COMPOS</u>	<u>SITION</u>	
E)Write a composition of ty		entences) about (A	<u>n animal trainer). The</u>
guide words and phrases m			
First paragraph: Animal t	-		
Second paragraph: train—	-		—computer —office
	<u>An animal</u>	<u>trainer</u>	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
	SPELL	<u>ing</u>	
F)Supply the missing letter	rs :	<u> </u>	
1) A mar-n- biologist shou			
2) L–z– people rarely – – rr	•		
G)Give long or short form:			
1) Sunday =		2) They are	; =
3) I'm =		4) USA = .	

VOCABULARY

			1001120221111
Words		Meaning	Definitions
runway	(n) [a long road on which planes land and take off
; gate	(n)		a part of wall that you can open and close.
controller	(n)		someone who is in charge of a system or an organization
staff	(n)		people who work for an organization or a company
plane	(n)	; ;	a vehicle that flies in the air and has wings
luggage	(n)		bags which you carry when you are travelling
destination	(n)		the place you are going to
A)Fill in the spa	ces wit	h words from t	<u>he list:</u>
			4 60

$\mathbf{\underline{A}}$

(runway – gate – plane – luggage – staff	
---	--

- 1) To go through that,you must check your passport first.
- 2) Don't forget to prepare your..... before travelling.
- 3) Travelling by..... is more comfortable than travelling by ship.
- 4) This company has a really helpful.....

SET BOOK.

B)Answer the following questions:

1)What is a runway used for?
2)Where can you wait for your plane?
3) Where can you ask for information before travelling?
4) What is a baggage reclaim used for?
5) Where can you show your passport before travelling?
6) Name some places at the airport.

READING COMPREHENSION.

C)Read the following passage then answer the questions below:-

Ali is a young man. He is 26 years old. He lives in Kuwait City. While he was driving his car on his way home last night, he had an accident. <u>He</u> was driving along the main road very fast when another car came out of a side street and hit his car. Both of the cars were damaged. Ali and the other driver were badly hurt. Ali's arms were broken and the other driver had a bad cut in his leg.

Fortunately, another car was following Ali's car. When the accident happened, it stopped and a man with his wife got out of the car. They ran and pulled Ali and the other man out of the damaged cars. The man and the woman called the ambulance and informed the police. The ambulance came soon and the two men were taken to hospital. Ali thanked the man and his wife and said that he would never drive fast again.

A) Choose the correct answers from a,b,c and d: 1) Ali lives in..... a) Kuwait City b) Dubai c) Bahrain d) Qatar 2) He was driving a..... a) bus b) car c) bicycle d) plane 3) Ali's..... were broken. b) arms c) neck d) finger a) legs 4) The underlined pronoun(**He**) in line (2) refers to...... b) the driver a) Ali d) the woman c) the man **B**) Answer the following questions: 5) Who called the ambulance? 6) How old is Ali? 7) Why did Ali thank the man and his wife?

Sample Test Third period

Vocabulary (4 Marks)

A)-Choose the suitable answers from a, b, c and d: (3x1=3 Marks)

1-Messi was	the best footballe	er in the world in 2	011.			
a) thrown	b) declared	c) torn	d) earned			
2-One of the problen	ns, we face	,is finding p	places to park our cars .			
a) yearly	b) quite	c) daily	d)probably			
3- Al-Mulla Nasser Al	-Angari Intermedia	ite School for Boys	has an excellent teaching			
a) staff	b) dynasty	c) astronaut	d) engine			
B)-Fill in the missing	words : (2x½=1 Ma	arks)				
(medieval -marine biologist-zookeeper)						
4- A	4- A works in the sea, so he has to be a good swimmer .					
5- Glassmaking was o	one of the arts in	Spa	in.			
	<u>II-Grammar (3 Marks)</u>					
A)-Choose the correct answers from a, b , c and d : (2x½=1 Marks)						
6-There is no school tomorrow .Youget up early .						
a) have to	b) must	c) don't have t	o d) doesn't have to			
7-Yuri Gagarin was bo	orn	9 th March,1936.				
a) at	b) in	c) on	d) for			
B)-Do as shown between brackets (2x1=2 Marks)						
8-If my friend (be) fre			(Correct the verb)			
9)Mohammed lost his book yesterday .			(Make negative)			

III-Language functions (4 Marks)

B) Write what you would say in the following situations: (4x1=4 Marks) 14- You saw an old man carrying heavy bags. 15- Your brother says,"A park ranger studies marine plants and animals ". 15- Your uncle is a heavy smoker. 14- Your teacher asks you to describe the weather in Kuwait in summer. IV-Set book (3 Marks) -Answer only (3) the following questions: (3x1=3 Marks) 15-Mention two of Al-Idrisi's achievements. a)..... 16-Where do kings and queens live? 17- Why did students come from all over Europe to Islamic Spain? 18-What are the rewards of work?

a).....

b)

V-Writing Composition (6 Marks)

Write an e-mail of two paragraghs to your pen-friend, Ali , telling him about your last mid-year holiday .

The following guide words and phrases may help you:

<u>First paragraph:</u> mid-year holiday — travel — Dubai — my family — by plane — hotel <u>Second paragraph:</u> visit — interesting places — happy- there — presents — best wishes
To
From
Subject
Dear

VI-Reading Comprehension (7 Marks)

-Read the following passage carefully, then answer the questions below:

A)- Choose the correct answers from a, b, c and d: (3x1=3 Marks)

Khaled moved to a new house after he had lived for over twenty years in the same place . He surprised the owner of the old house by telling him that he was leaving because he could not **afford** more chocolate.

It all began a year ago when Khaled returned home one evening and found a large dog in front of his door. He was very fond of animals. So he gave it a piece of chocolate

which was in his pocket . The next day the dog was there again . Khaled brought another piece of chocolate to the dog as a present .It came every afternoon and it was clear that it preferred chocolate to bones . If Khaled forgot chocolate , the dog would not let him open the door . So he spent such a large part of his money on the dog. At the end , he had to move to another place.

1-The underlined pronoun	n (it) in line (5)	refers to	
a-the chocolate	b-the dog.	c-the house	d-the door
2-The word (afford) in li	ne (3) means		
a-able to buy	b-forget	c-move	d-return
3-It was clear that the dog	g preferred chocol	ate to	
a-dogs	b-bone	c-the owners	d-presents
B)-Answer the following	g questions: (2x2:	<u>=4 Marks)</u>	
4-Where did Khaled find	the dog when he	returned home one even	ing?
5-What would you do if y	ou were Khaled?		
		g Comprehension (5 M	
A)-Fill in the missing let	tters : (2x½=1 Ma	<u>ark)</u>	
Yesterday, I saw the go	ov–r–or wearing a	g-l-en robe .	
B)-Write the SHORT/L	ONG form and o	combine the following:	(2x1=2 Mark)
10- mustn't =		12-declare	+ing=

UNIT 10 Lessons 1&2 YOCABULARY

Words Meaning Definitions			
profile (n) * ** a short description about a person or a place ** a minimum			
design (v) ***********************************			
research (n) a serious study of a subject to get new facts or ideas			
Tunnamente mente m			
industry (n) businesses that produce a particular type of thing or service composer (n) someone who writes music			
composer (n) someone who writes music			
ambition (n) ** and a strong desire to achieve something and a strong desire to achieve something			
A)Fill in the spaces with words from the list:			
(profile — design — research — pot — industry — ambition)			
1) She has already achieved herin life to be a doctor.			
2)is very important for all countries so we need to build more factories.			
3) I bought thatfrom Egypt last summer holiday.			
4) The person who cansuch as building is really clever.			
5) My teacher asked me to do aabout some plants.			
SET BOOK			
B)Answer the following questions:			
1) What kind of person are you?			
2) What are your interests and hobbies ?			
3) What is your ambition for the furure ?			
3) What is your amortion for the future:			
4) What do you want to be when you grow up?			
LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS			
C)Write what you would say in the following situations:			
1) Your brother doesn't sleep enough .			
1) Tour brother doesn't sleep chough.			
2) Your friend is unfit .			
3) Your cousin doesn't get good marks in English.			
4) Mohammed is worried .He's got an exam tomorrow.			

<u>UNIT 10</u>

Lessons 3&4

VOCABULARY

Words	100 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1 	Meaning	Definitions ***********************************
interview	(n)	/	an occasion when a person is asked questions
lay	(v)	marmarmarmarmarmarmarmarmarmarmarmare.	to put something down carefully/ to set plates on a table
spend	(v)	marinarinarinarinarinarinarinarinarinarin	to pass time doing a particular thing
farm	(n)	marmenaemenuemenuemenuemenuemenuemen ! !	an area of land that's used for growing crops or keeping animals
competition	(n)	**************************************	an event in which people compete against each other
electric	(adj)	marsarra marsarra marsarra marsarra marsarra s	used for, needing or produced by electricity
average	(n)	marinarnarmariarraminariarraminariarraminaria. V	calculating how many times something happens

A)Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(competition — spend —interview — composer — farm)

- 1) Our team will have an importantnext week.
- 2) My brother will have an at Al Ghanim Company tomorrow.
- 3) Prices have risen by a / anof 4 % over the past year.
- 4)My uncle has got a large.....in Al-Wafra where he grows a lot of vegetables.

GRAMMAR

ADVERBS

*An adverb is a word that describes verbs and adjectives. Adverbs often tell us how something happens or happened.

Adjective	Adverbs
Quiet	Quiet <u>ly</u>
Нарру	Happ <u>ily</u>
Probable	Probab <u>ly</u>

IRREGULAR ADVERBS

Adjective	Adverbs
Good	Well
Fast	Fast
Hard	Hard

B)Do as shown between brackets:	
1- She is a graceful singer. She sings (good).	(Correct)
2-Mohammed runs quickly .	(Ask a question)
3- Faisal is a careful writer. He writes (careful)	(Correct)
4-He is not a good driver. He always drives (fast).	(Correct)
5- I had to clean my room yesterday.	(Negative)
6-My brother (have) to go to the dentist last Monday.	(Correct)
SET BOOK	
C)Answer the following questions:	
1)How do you spend your free time ?	
2)How can you help at home ?	
COMPOSITION	
D)Write a composition of two paragraphs (6 sentences) a	bout (Your free time). These
guide words and phrases may help you: First paragraph: free time – sometimes – problem – impor	rtant _know
Second paragraph: rece time – sometimes – problem – importances – im	
My free time	r 8

<u>UNIT 10</u> <u>Lessons 5&6</u>

		AOCWDO	LMILI	
Words	Meaning		Definitions	, 1960 1960 1960 1960 1960 1960 1960 1960 1960 1960 1960 1960 1960 1960 1960 196 - Construction 1960 1960 1960 1960 1960 1960 1960 1960 1960 1960 1960 1960 1960 1960
mind (n)	nua suu su	a person's thou	ght or ability to think, feel	and imagine things
Nobel Prize (n)			al award given for great ac	
reaction (n)		a chemical cha	inge that happens when mi	xing substances
award (n)			n honour of an achievemer	
theory (n)			plains something about life	
citizen (n)	num (sini (sini (sini (sini (sini (sini (sini (sini (sini (sini (sini (sini (lives in a country, state or	
judge (n)	9000 5000 5000 5000 5000 5000 5000 5000 5000 5000 6000 E	a person who	works in a court and punisl	nes criminals
refugee (n)	nua (suna (has been forced to leave hi	
peaceful (adj)	nue (sun (not involving	war or conflict	
contribute (v)	9000 5000 5000 5000 5000 5000 5000 5000 5000 5000 6000 E	to give money	, help or ideas	1901 1901 1901 1901 1901 1901 1901 1901 1901 1901 1901 1901 1901 1901 1901 1901
A) Choose the corre	ct answers f			1801 1801
)We don't like wars a				* *
a) electri		energetic		d) peaceful
(2) The good			be fair to make decisions	
a) farm i) All of us should) judge	c) interview	d) composer
a) throw		o) complain	c) contribute	d)design
) My brother got the		_		
a) award		b) pot	c) citizen	d) judge
(i) The			so we should help them	•
a) compos	ers	b) controllers	c) refugees	d) judges
		SET BO	DOK	
B)Answer the followi) What's the Nobel P		<u>s :</u>		
2) Name some scientis	sts who won	the Nobel Prize	······································	
)	t	o)	c)	
)Why did Ahmed Zu	_			
-)-What does a judge				
)Where does a judge				
What was Einstein's	s theory?			

COMPOSITION

<u>COMI OSITIC</u>		
C)Write a composition of two paragraphs (6 senten	ces) about (Ahm	<u>ad Zuwail). These</u>
guide words and phrases may help you :		
First paragraph: born – Egypt – 1946 – Egyptian	scientist– mind –	married - four children
Second paragraph: first - Egypt – United States – a	book -voyage thre	ough time –Nobel Prize
Ahmad Zuwa	<u>il</u>	
	_	
		•••••
	,	
READING COMPRE	<u>HENSION</u>	
D)Read the following passage then answer the ques	tions:	
Once upon a time, a king decided to give a g	great reward to the	ne man who served his
country most. A lot of people went to the king's palace	e to watch that. A	man brought the king a
gold gun, another box of jewellery and a third an Arab		
pest. The first was a clever doctor, the second, a s		_
scientist.		
While the king was thinking about which of the	ie three men to ge	et the reward, a woman
came near him. He asked her," Have you got anythin		
these three men are my sons and I have come to see w		
called out, "Give this great present to this lady who ga		_
real diamond.		5- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
A)Choose the right answer from a,b,c and d:		
1) People went to the palace tothe rev	ward.	
a) take b)watch	c)enjoy	d) give
2) The suitable title for the story is	cycligoy	<i>a)</i> g 1 (<i>c</i>
a) the king and the reward b) a great woman	c) the prize	d) a great king
3) The woman the king .	c) the prize	u) u greut ming
a)gave birth to b) came near to	c)disliked	d) saved
4) The underlined pronoun(It) in line (9) refers to		a) savea
a) the horse b) the present		d) the box
B)Answer the following questions:	c)the gun	d) the box
5) Who gave the king an Arab horse?		
of who save the king an ratabilities:		

6) Why did the king give the woman the reward?

<u>UNIT 11</u> <u>Lessons 1&2</u>

, was a same	rds	Meaning *	De:	======================================
brilliant	(adj)	ma e mar ma e ma e ma e ma e ma e ma e m	Excellent	
		mar	A road ,hill that slopes at	a high angle
hill	(n)	ma e	A land that is higher than	the land around it
water pur	mp (n)		A machine for forcing wat	er into or out something
lorry	(n)	nua (mua (A large vehicle for carrying. Use or control a machine	ng heavy things
operate	(v)	nas mas mas mas mas mas rans rans rans rans rans rans rans ra	Use or control a machine	
mayor		ma e	A ruler of a town or a city	
		<u>ith words fron</u>	<u>1 the list :</u>	
(br	rilliant – ste	eep – water pu	mp – lorry – operate – m	ayor– hill)
1) People h	ad to walk	up a	hill from the rive	r.
2) Al Idrisi	was a	SG	cientist.	
			carrying heavy things.	11 . 4 . 11
•			he always solves people'sto take water out of the ri	-
			to take water out of the fi	
-,			•	
			SET BOOK	
B)Answer 1	the followir	ng questions:		
1)What doe	s a water pu	ımp do?		
2) How is w	ater carried	to people's ho	uses ?	
3) What doe	es a mayor o	lo ?		······································
•••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
G) G3	_		GRAMMAR	
<u>C)Choose t</u>	<u>he correct</u>	answer from a	<u>,b,c and d:</u>	
	-	-	top of a mountain.	
a)in		o)on	*	d)from
a)becomes) way to fift war) would become	ter, our lives e c)will become	
*			wood, lorry parts and a	,
a)in	-	o)on	c)into	d)out of
, •		well, you will w		
a)train	b])trains	c)will train 27	d)trained

<u>UNIT 11</u> <u>Lessons 3&4</u>

Words	Meaning	Definitions
	· ·	To use again
recycle (v)		To cycle again
aside (adv)	¥	Keep out of the way to be used again
container (n)	j.	A box or bowl used to keep things in it
store (v)	<i>"</i>	Keep things until you need them
		Break or damage something
tidy up (phr.v)		To make a place look tidy
A) Fill in the spaces w	th words fron	n the list :
(aside – contai	ner – tidying	up – recycle – storing – crush)
 The empty plastic We should A computer is used for the second of the second	the rthe my roon	information. n ,I found an old book.
		SET BOOK
B)Answer the following	g questions :	<u> </u>
1) What are the different	-	
<i>'</i>		use and recycle materials?
3) Mention some parts o	f the computer	······································
		GRAMMAR
	#I 'm going to predict the	Going to ut future plans and intentions: to watch a video this evening. future based on things you can see or hear: oudy. It's going to rain.
C)Do as shown bety	veen bracket	
1- He is going to trave	l to Bahrain.	(Make a question)
2- They're going to pla	y basketball to	omorrow. (Negative)
3- There are lots of cle	ouds. It is	to rain. (Complete)

<u>UNIT 11</u> <u>Lessons 5&6</u>

Words		Meaning			Def	initions		
source	(n)	, I	A thing or pl	lace that yo	ou get so	mething fron	n	
renewable	(adj)	,	Renewable	energy rep	places it	self naturally	y	
non-renewabl			Von-renewa	ble energy	cannot	be replaced at	fter it has been use	d
coal	(n)	ı A	A hard mater	rial taken o	out of th	e ground		
trap	(v)	Į.	Prevent some	ething from	n getting	away		
deposit	(n)		A layer of su	ibstance th	at gradu	ally develops	s in a particular pla	.ce
turbine	(n)	Î A	A motor in wh	ich the press	ure of a li	quid or gas mov	ves a special wheel ro	unc
Pipeline	(n)	I	A line of pipe	es used for s	sending o	il,gas etc. over	r long distances	
A) <u>Choose the</u>	e correc	<u>t answer froi</u>	<u>m a,b,c anc</u>	<u>d d :</u>				
1) There are m	any		source	es of ene	rgy suc	h as wind an	nd wave power.	
a) renewable		b) non-renev	wable c)st	teep	(d)brilliant		
2)	is	s made of v	ery old tre	ees.				
a) Coal		b) A turbine	c)A	source		d)A contain	ier	
3) Water flowing	ng along	a river can tu	rn a		to make	e electricity.		
a) deposit		b) turbine	c)) source		d) hill		
4) The two mer	n died wł	nen they were	;	insic	de a bur	ning buildin	g .	
a) renewable		b) trapped	c) 1	non-renew	able	d)brilliant		
5)		are used f	for transpor	ting oil	from o	one country t	to another.	
a) Pipelines		b) Deposits	c)S	ources		d)Hills		
			SET I	BOOK				
B)Answer the	<u>followin</u>	g questions :	<u>=</u>					
1) What are the	sources							
2) What we me	an by rei		gy ?		•••••			
3)Mention som Renewable:	•	les of renewa					y .	
Non-renewable	•							

4) What is good about				
5)What is oil?				
6) What is coal made				
7) What is coal used				
8) How can we colle	•			
	em with solar power?			
10) Where can we fi				
C)Choose the corre	ect answer from a ,b,c	RAMMAR and d:		
	the cas		can't concentrat	e .
a) off	b) on	c)in	d)into	
2) The pump takes v	waterth	e river .		
a)out of	b)in	c) out	d) in	
3) What are you	when you gro	ow up?		
a)do	b) going to do	c) does	d) did	
4)I'm going to	my less	ons tomorrow	evening.	
a)revise	b)revised	c)revising	d- revises	
D) Do as shown	between bracket:			
1) Coal is used for	making electricity.			(Ask a question)
2) If we don't find	a solution soon, we		be in trouble.	(Complete)
	basketball next week			(Make negative)

COMPOSITION

<u>E)Write a composition of two paragraphs (6 sentences) about (Sources of energy). These</u> guide words and phrases may help you:

guide words and pin ases may neip you.
First paragraph: Kinds – sources –renewable–non-renewable
Second paragraph: coal – ground – make – fuel – oil– natural gas –wind mill – electricity
Sources of energy
F)Write a composition of two paragraphs (6 sentences) about (oil). These guide words and
phrases may help you:
First paragraph: Oil – important – under – ground – non renewable – source
Seccond paragraph: energy – used – electrically– expensive – liquid.
<u>oil</u>

VOCABULARÝ

Words	Meaning	Definitions
weather (n)	f	The temperature and other conditions like sun, rain and wind
snowy (adj.)	? (ma) (ma) (ma) (ma) (ma) (ma) (ma) (ma)	With a lot of snow
cloudy (adj.)		A cloudy sky, day because there are lots of clouds
rainy (adj.)		When it rains a lot
sunny (adj.)	? (m) ?	Having a lot of light from the sun
stormy (adj.)	(end end end end end end ende end end en	With strong winds, heavy rain and dark clouds
degree (n)	१ तावर सावर सावर सावर सावर सावर सावर सावर स	Unit in any of various scales of temperature
thermometer(n)	(2004 / 1004 / 1004 / 1004 / 1004 / 1004 / 1004 / 1004 / 1004 / 1004 / 1004 / 1004 / 1004 / 1004 / 1 / 1004 / 1004 / 1004 / 1004 / 1004 / 1004 / 1004 / 1004 / 1004 / 1004 / 1004 / 1004 / 1004 / 1004 / 1004 /	An equipment measures the temperatur of the air or of your body

A) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(cloudy - thermometer - weather - sunny - storing - degrees)

- 1) Thewill be cloudy tomorrow but it won't rain. 2) I think it will rain because it is very
- 3) Tourists come to Kuwait in February because it is warm and
- 4) A.....is used for measuring temperature.
- 5) The temperature is 38.....today, so we will go to the sea.

LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

.....

<u>B)What would you say in the following situations:</u> 1) Someone said it is hot in Kuwait in summer.

- 2) You brother is very ill
- 3) There are dark clouds in the sky.
- 4) Your father is travelling to Canada next winter.

SET BOOK

C)Answer the following questions:

- 1) What are the conditions of the weather?
- 2) What is the weather like in Kuwait in summer?
- 3) What is used to measure temperature?

UNIT 12

Lessons 3&4

VOCABULARY

Wo	rds	Meaning	Definitions	
rise	(v)	" र राज्य राज्य स्थि	To increase in number, amount or value	, and
predict	(v)	* ermermarmarraarnarmarmarmarmarmarmarmarmarraarna	Estimate that a thing will happen in the future	
turn into	(phr.v)	or enarmarmarmarmarmarmarmarmarmarmarmarmarma	To become something different	,
pollution	(n)	" er mer mar mar mar mar mar mer mar mar mar mar mar mar mar.	Making the air, water not suitable for people to use	
polar	(adj)	** (* 1 1464) 1466) 1466) 1466) 1466) 1466) 1466) 1466) 1466) 1466) 1466) 1466) 1466) 1466) 1466	Relating to the north pole or the south pole	ĺ
ice cap	(n)	of a max max max max max max max max max m	An area of thick ice that covers the north and south poles	W/WW/W
sea level	(n)	ji mar	The average height of the sea used as standard for measuring other heights and depths	
flood	(n)	e er mar mar mar mar mar mar mar mar mar ma	A large amount of water that cover a dry place	p ²
environme	ent (n)	* 1 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	Air, water and land that can be harmed by man	
well	(n)	. Je mae mae mae mae mae mae mae mae mae ma	A deep hole in the ground from which people take water	/www.
coast	(n)	o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o o	The area where the land meets the sea	, miles
glacier	(n)		A large mass of ice which moves slowly	W.

A) Fill in the spaces with words from the list:

(cloudy – polar – turn into – predict – well – flood)

- 1) After the.....,it took weeks for the water level to go down.
- 2) Ais a deep hole in the ground where people get drinking water.
- 3) Scientists expect that glaciers will into water.
- 4) The scientist that the world's climate will change in the future.
- 5) The ice in the ice caps may turn into water in the future .

GRAMMAR

Modal verbs

*Will

* It is used to predict the future:

The exam will be difficult.

*It is used to offer to do something:

I'll cook dinner.

*When you decide doing something when you speak:

I'll go to open the door.

*May

*It is used for the probability

Some islands may disappear in the future.

*Could

*It is used for the ability or possibility

In China, 30 million people **could** become homeless.

B)Choose the o	correct answer from	a, b , c and d:		
1) I think there	many o	car accidents becau	use the weather is dusty.	
a) b	e b) will be	c) been	d)won't be	
2) Ali wants to	finish his project		he uses the computer.	
a) b	ut b) or	c) so	d) because	
3) I	see you	tomorrow before	you leave, but I'm not sure.	
a) m	ay b) must	c) have to	d)had to	
4) The sea level	l may		up by three me	tres.
a) go	one b) went	c) go	d)goes	
C) Join each p	air of sentences:			
	(so - bu	ut – and)		
1)The weather	is sunny. We can go o	n a picnic.		
	. We caught the bus.			
	e very intelligent. The		ole.	
	aster. They will be mo			
	. I go to the library evo			
		SET BOOK		
D)Answer the	<u>following questions :</u>			
1) The world te	mperature may rise by	6 degrees in the 1	next 100 years. Why?	
2) What are the	predictions for the we	eather in the future	?	

3) How can countries help to minimize the amount of pollution in the environment?
4) Mention some problems that the world may face in the future .
5) Mention the predictions for life in the future .
COMPOSITION
E)Write a composition of two paragraphs (6 sentences) about (Climate changes in the
future). These guide words and phrases may help you:
<u>First paragraph</u> : Temperature – rise – ice polar –turn into – water –
<u>Second paragraph</u> : sea level – higher – island – flood – without – water – grow – plants <u>Climate changes in the future</u>

<u>UNIT 12</u> <u>Lessons 5&6</u>

90 (10) (100 (100 (100 (10) (100 (10) (100 (10) (100 (10) (100 (100 (10) (100 (10) (10		YUUABULAKY		
Words	Meaning	Defi	nitions	
robot (n)	 	A machine that can move and do some of the work of a person		
command (n)		An instruction to a person or a computer to do something		
obey (v) $+$ 1 (v) $+$ 2	1907 1907 1907 1907 1907 1907 1907 1907 1907 1907 1907 1907 1907 1907 1907 1907	To do what someone in authority tells you to do		
e-book (n)		An electronic book which can be read on a computer screen		
download (V)	907 5007 5007 5007 5007 5007 5007 5007 5007 5007 5007 5007	To move information or programs from a computer to another		
userui (aaj) 3		Helping you to do or get what you want		
* · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ያ Γ . 1 11		
virtual reality (n)	000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000	An environment produced by a computer that seem real to the person		
A) Choose the correct answer from a,b,c and d:				
1) A is a great invention that is controlled by a computer.				
a) e-book	b) robot	c)commad	d)coast	
2) Target English is the most English book I have studied .				
a) tiny	b) useful	c)steep	d) non-renewable	
3) Ais an environment produced by a computer that seems real to the person.				
a) e-book	b) virtual	reality c) command	d) robot	
4) We shouldour parents and teachers .				
a) contribute	b) obey	c) predict	d)turn into	
5) Nowadays ,you canmost internet programmes free .				
a) download	b) obey	c)trap	d) predict	
		GRAMMAR		
Do as shown in brackets:				
1) Ali will visit Muscat next holiday.			(Negative)	
2) Hamad was ill. He came to school.			(Join)	
3) In the future, peop	(Complete)			

4) They will build a new school next summer.	(Ask a question)			
5) Badr studied hard. He got the full marks.	(Use: so)			
6) China will be the country with the biggest population.	(Negative)			
7)Robots will be able to do lots of different jobs,	? (Add tag question)			
8)Hamad studied hard ,so he got high marks .	(Ask a question)			
SET BOOK				
C)Answer the following questions:				
1) What will life be like in the future ?				
2) How will doctors operate on patients in the future ?				
3) What will cars be like in the future ?				
D)Write a composition of two paragraphs (6 sentences) about	at (Predictions for life in the			
<u>future</u>). These guide words and phrases may help you :				
<u>First paragraph</u> : future—life — different — easier				
<u>Second paragraph</u> : cars – robots – mini-computers– e-books	– medicine.			
Predictions for life in the future	<u>e</u>			

READING COMPREHENSION

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:-

A) Choose the correct answers from a,b,c and d:

A rich man put all his money in a metal box and hid it in a hole under the floor of his room. The window was open and a thief saw him. He wanted the money for himself. One night, the thief got a sharp knife and jumped into the house. He entered the room quietly. The old man was so frightened that he hid under his bed.

The thief found the hole and began to take the money. The old man didn't want to lose his money, so he gave a loud cry and shouted for help. The thief was afraid because he thought that the neighbours would catch him. <u>He</u> dropped the money, jumped out and ran away. The old man was happy because he had his money back again. He laughed and decided to keep his money in the bank.

1)	The thief entered th	e house		
	a) at night	b) in the afternoon	c) in the mor	ning d) in the afternoon
2)	The old man kept hi	is money in a		
	a) bag	b) hole	c) ball	d) bank
3) '	The underlined pror	noun (he)in line (7) refer	s to the	
	a) policeman	b) old man	c) thief	d) the neighbours
<u>B)</u>	Answer the follow	<u>ving questions :</u>		
4)	How did the thief en	nter the house?		
5)	Where did the old n	nan hide?		

Sample Test End of second Term

VOCABULARY 8 M

A: Choose the correct	<u>words from a, b , c and</u>	<u>l d 4×1= 4Marks)</u>			
1) The Wright brothers were the of the first plane.					
a)refugees	b) inventors	c) judges	d)mayors		
2) Mr. Hamad was the					
a) governor	b) animal trainer	c) park ranger	d)tailor		
3) Nowadays, you canmost internet programmes free.					
a) download	b) obey	c)trap	d) predict		
4) You should wear su	in glasses because it is v	eryto	oday.		
a) cloudy	b) rainy	c) sunny	d) snowy		
B) Fill in the spaces wi	ith words from the list	: 4×1= 4 Marks)			
	(polar – daily – astro	onomy – tear – flood	d)		
After the					
10)Carsa) makes	in Japan. b) making	c) are made	d) makes		
11)IA	rabic yesterday.				
a) studies	b) studied	c) study	d) studying		
D)Do as shown betw	een brackets :(2×1= 2	<u> 2 Marks)</u>			
12)They grow tomatoe	s in Kuwait.	(Pas	ssive)		
13) Ali collected the p	ieces together.		estion)		

LANGUAGE FUNCTION 6 M

E) What would you say in these situations: $(4 \times 1^{1/2} = 6 \text{ Marks})$ 14) Your brother feels bored. 15) Someone says, "Smoking is good for your health ." 16) Your friend has broken your ruler. 17) You want to know someone's ambition's for the future. SET BOOK 6 M F) Answer (3 ONLY) of the following questions : $(3 \times 2 = 6 \text{ Marks})$ 18) Who was AL-Idrisi? 19) What is the problem with solar energy? 20) Where does a zookeeper work? 21) What does a water pump do? **COMPOSITION 8M** G)Write a composition of two paragraphs (8 sentences) about (Climate changes in the future). These guide words and phrases may help you: **First paragraph:** Temperature – rise – ice polar –turn into – water **Second paragraph:** Sea level – higher – island – flood – without – water – grow – plants Climate changes in the future

READING COMPREHENSION 12M

Read the following passage then answer the questions below:-

Most of the passengers were asleep on the eight o'clock train. It was already half past nine. I was smoking while my wife was reading a letter. My little daughter was eating an ice-cream. Suddenly, we were all shocked to hear a loud cry from a young lady. She screamed "Help! Help! He's going to kill me. He has a gun". Many people ran towards her. We asked her where the murderer was. She looked around for a few moments, then at us and finally said "What a terrible dream!"

We comforted her saying that she was safe. One of us got her a cold drink. When she felt better we returned to our seats. An old man was sitting beside her. <u>He</u> kept talking to her all through the last hour of the journey. When we got off the station, I said to the man "It was kind of you to keep talking with her to help her to be quiet ".he said, "Oh, no, I only wanted to prevent her from sleeping and having another dream."

A: Choose the correct answer from a, b,c and d : $(4\times1 \frac{1}{2}=6 \text{ Marks})$ 1) Most of the passengers were..... a- asleep b- smoking c- talking d-reading 2) One of the people gave the woman..... b- cold drink c- juice a- hot drink d- a book 3) man was sitting beside the woman. b- An old c- A short d- A young a- A big 4) The underlined pronoun (**He**) in line (**8**) refers to..... a- A boy d- A young man **B:** Answer the following questions : $(2 \times 3 = 6 \text{ Marks})$ 5) What was the writer's wife doing? 6) When did the people on the train return to their seats? SPELLING 5M A) Fill in the missing letters : $(3 \times 1 = 3 \text{ Marks})$ 1) The w- - ther is c-o-dy and r- -ny in Kuwait in winter. **B**) Give the long / short forms and combine the following ($2 \times 1 = 2$ Marks)

SET BOOK - UNIT 7

1- Where was Al-Idrisi born?
2- What was Al-Idrisi?
3- Where did Al-Idrisi travel?
4- What were Al-Idrisi's achievements?
5- Where was Leonardo da Vinci born?
6- What was Leonardo da Vinci?
7- What did da Vinci invent?
8- What's the most famous painting in the world?
9- Where were the Wright brothers born?
10- What did they invent?
11- How long did the wright brothers plane fly?
12- What did Tim Berner-Lee invent?
13- What are the seven wonders of the world?
14- Where is Agra?
15-What's Taj Mahal?
16-What can you do in India?

SET BOOK - UNIT 8

17- What's "Sabah Al Ahmed Reserve "?
18- Who opened the reserve?
19- What was released in the reserve opening?
20- What is astronomy?
21- What was Jerash?
22- What did students in ancient Jerash study?
23- What did gladiators do?
24- Who ruled Spain in the Medieval period?
25- What was Cordoba?
26- Why did students from all over Europe come to Islamic Spain?
27- How did Muslims introduce new farming techniques to Europe?
28- Where did the musical instruments come from to Europe?
29- Name musical instruments which came to Europe from the Arabs.
30- What arts did Medieval Spain have?
31- What subjects did scholars in Islamic Spain study?

32- Who built observatories?
33- How did Indian numbers help Arab mathematicians?
34- What was Galilei Galileo?
35- Where was Galileo born?
36- What did Galileo study?
37- Why did Galileo become famous?
SET BOOK - UNIT 9 38-What does an animal trainer do?
39-Where does a park ranger work?
40-Why do people get rewards?
40-What does a marine biologist study?
41-Who works with animals in the zoo?
42-What is a runway used for?
43-Where can you wait for your plane?
44-Mention one thing you may complain about.
45-How can people earn money?
46-Why do people throw some things?

Set book - Unit 11

LANGUAGE FUNCTIONS

Situation	Realization
*Your friend says that Kuwait is a wonderful country.	Agreement: * I agree with you./ You're right.
* You broke your friend's pen.	Apology * I'm sorry.
Your friend says: "Let's go shopping." Your friend got high marks in the exam.	Approval: * That's a good idea! * Well done!
Your friend says I can eat forty apples.	<u>Disbelief:</u> * I can't believe it ./ Are you joking?/ Rubbish! Nonsense! What a liar!
 * Your brother introduces his friend to you. * You introduces your friend to your father. * You met a new friend. 	<pre>Introduction: * Pleased to meet you. * This is my friend. * How do you do?</pre>
Your father is carrying a heavy bag.	* Offer: * May I help you? / Can I help you?
* Your friend says: " I'm sorry."	Release from blame: *Never mind./That'sall right/ Don't worry.
* You want your brother to help you. * You want to borrow your friend's camera.	Request: * Would/ Can you help me? Would you lend me your camera, please?
* Your friend feels bored. * You want to go fishing with your friends.	<pre>Suggestion * Let's go fishing. * How about/ What about going fishing? * Why don't we go fishing?</pre>
 * Your father gave you a present. * Someone helped you. * You helped your friend and he thanked yo 	Thanking * Thank you * Thank you/ You're very kind/ *Not at all/You're welcome/ Don't mention it
*Your brother is playing with matches. Your uncle is driving his car very fast.	Warning: * Be careful. / Look out!/ Don't play
Your friend has an exam tomorrow You see your friend on the first of January. It's your friend's birthday.	Wishes: * Good luck. * Happy new year. * Happy birthday to you.

<u>TENSES</u>

Tense Form Used to Used with			
Tense	T'OITI	U Seu 10	Osea wiin
	First form of the verb.	Used to refer to:	Usually always
Simple Present	*We add (s) to the verb, if the subject is (he/she/it) *If the verb ends with (o/sh/ch/ss/x) we add (es) if the subject is (he/she/it) e.g.; I go to school. She goes to school. Negative I do not go to school. She does not go to school Interrogative Do you go to school? Does she go to school?	 1= Habits * The cat often sits there. 2 = Facts It rains in winter. The earth is round. 	sometime, often , every, rarely, on Friday, Sunday(etc)
Simple Past	*Second form of the verb * Usually ends with (ed) except irregular verbs. * He played football last week. * He went to London yesterday. Negative He did not play football last week. He did not go to London year. Interrogative Did he play football last week? Did he go to London yesterday?	Refer to an action happened in the past.	yesterday Ago last night last week last month last year
Simple Future	* Will + infinitive He will go to Dubai tomorrow. Negative He will not go to London. Interrogative Will he go to London?	Refers to an action that will happen in the future.	Tomorrow Soon Next week Next month Next year

TENSES الآزمنة

Tense	Form	Used to	Used with
Present Continuous	Am / is / are + verb + ing I am studying English now. He is studying English now. They are studying English now. Negative They are not studying English now. Interrogative Are they studying English now?	Refer to an action which is happening now	Now Look Listen At the moment At present still
Past Continuous	was / were + verb + ing He was watching TV yesterday. Negative He was not watching TV yesterday. Interrogative Was he watching TV yesterday?	*Refer to an action which was going on for a period of time. *Refer to an action which was going on for a period of time when another event occurred.	Used after While As And before When
Present Perfect	Have / has + past participle I have lived in London for 3 years. Negative I haven't lived in London for 3 years. Interrogative Have you lived in London for 3 years?	Refer to an action which is continued from the past up to the present.	For Since Ever Just Already Yet
Past Perfect	Had + Past Participle I had written my homework before I went shopping. Negative I had not written my homework Interrogative Had you written your homework?	Refer to an action that happened in the past before another action in the simple past.	After Before When

IRREGULAR VERBS

Present Simple/ Infinitive	Past Simple	Past Participle
Be $(am - is - are)$	Was – were	Been
Have / has	Had	Had
Do	Did	Done
Cut	Cut	Cut
Hit	Hit	Hit
Hurt	Hurt	Hurt
Let	Let	Let
Put	Put	Put
Read	Read	Read
Shut	Shut	Shut
Bend	Bent	Bent
Build	Built	Built
Lend	Lent	Lent
Send	Sent	Sent
Spend	Spent	Spent
Bring	Brought	Brought
Buy	Bought	Bought
Catch	Caught	Caught
Fight	Fought	Fought
Teach	Taught	Taught
Think	Thought	Thought
Burn	Burnt	Burnt
Feel	Felt	Felt
Keep	Kept	Kept
Learn	Learnt	Learnt
Leave	Left	Left
Lose	Lost	Lost
Mean	Meant	Meant
Sleep	Slept	Slept
Teach	Taught	Taught

Lam = 1'm Could not=couldn't Friday=Fri. He is = he's Must not=mustn't January=Jan. She is = she's Will not = won't February=Feb. It is = it "s Can not = can't March=Mar. We are = we're Abbreviations April=Apr. They are = they're First = 1 st May=May. You are = you 're Second = 2 ^{ndd} July=Jul. Have -has Third = 3 nd August=Aug. I have = l've Fourth=4 th September=Sept. He has = he's Fifth=5 th October=Oct. She has = she's Sixth=6 th November=Nov. It has = it's Seventh=7 th December=Dec. We have = we've Eight=8 th Combinations They have = they've Ninth=9 th Family + s=families You have = you've Tenth=10 th Story + s=stories I would = l'd Twelfth=12 th Storey + s=stories He would=he'd Twenty first=21 st Wife + s=wives We would = we'd Twenty first=21 st Wife + s = wives We would = we'd Thirtieth=30 th Wolf + s = wolves You would = you'd Street = st. Study + s=Studies Will Laboratory = Lab. Miss + s=misses Will	Am –is-are	Were not=weren't	Thursday=Thur.
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Has not= hasn't There is=there's Lazy +ly =lazily Have not=haven't That is =that's Had not=hadn't Days-months Would not =wouldn't Saturday=Sat. Do not =don't Sunday=Sun.			
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Had not=hadn't Would not =wouldn't Days-months Saturday=Sat. Do not =don't Sunday=Sun.			
Would not =wouldn't Saturday=Sat. Do not =don't Sunday=Sun.			1
Do not =don't Sunday=Sun.		<u> </u>	1
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		Monday=Mon.	1