Draft ISO 26000 Standard for Social Responsibility

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Subcommittee AV030(1)
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What is Sustainability?



industry

country

region

organization

self

With shared VALUES out

In an increasingly complex world

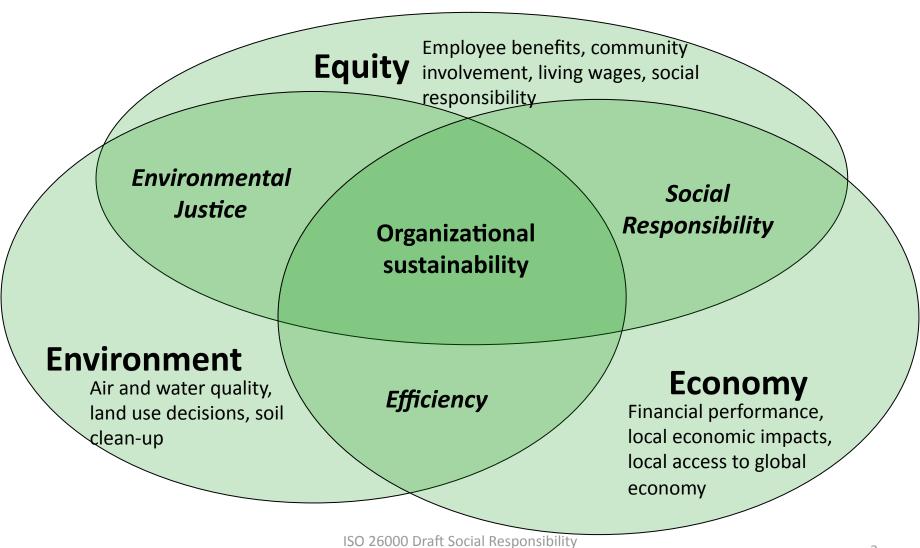
Looking "UP"

Looking "AHEAD"

Beyond this year Beyond the apor

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"Triple Bottom Line" Strategies



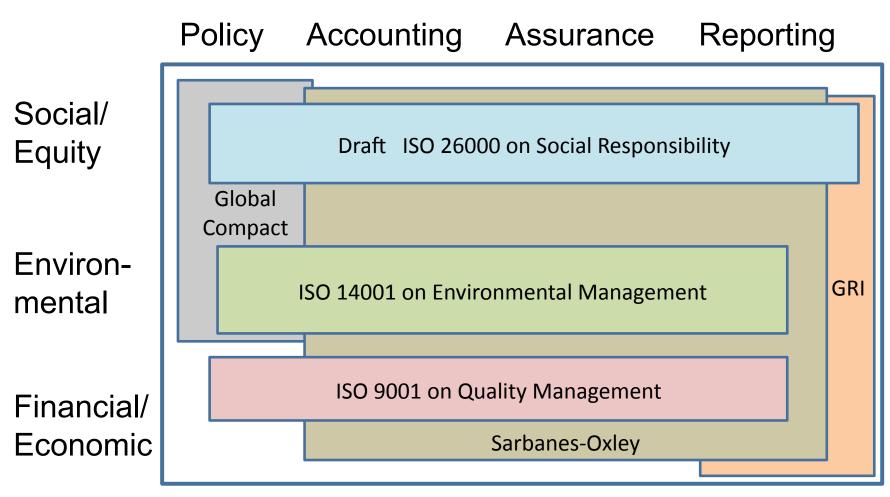
What is ISO 26000?

- A draft global standard for social responsibility which:
 - Provides a comprehensive framework
 - Addresses full range of social and environmental subjects to promote sustainable development
 - Is meant for all types of organizations
 - Is not intended for third-party certification
 - Is intended to spur voluntary initiatives

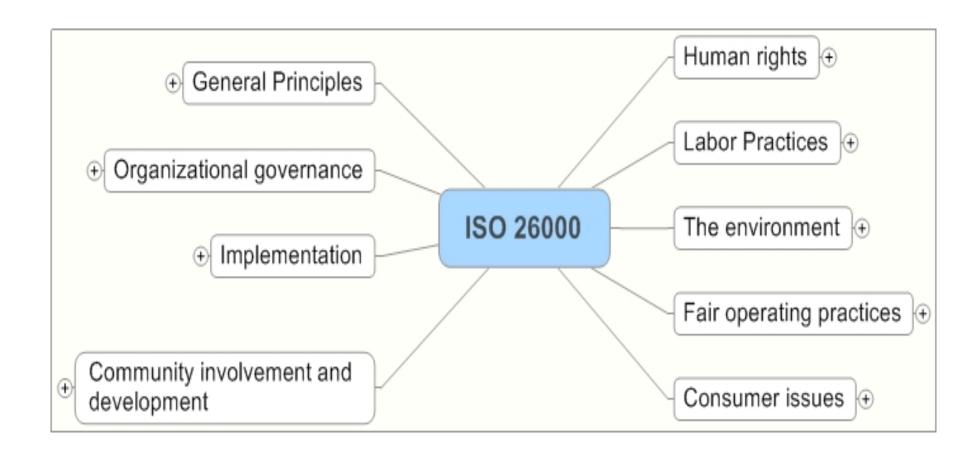
Who made it?

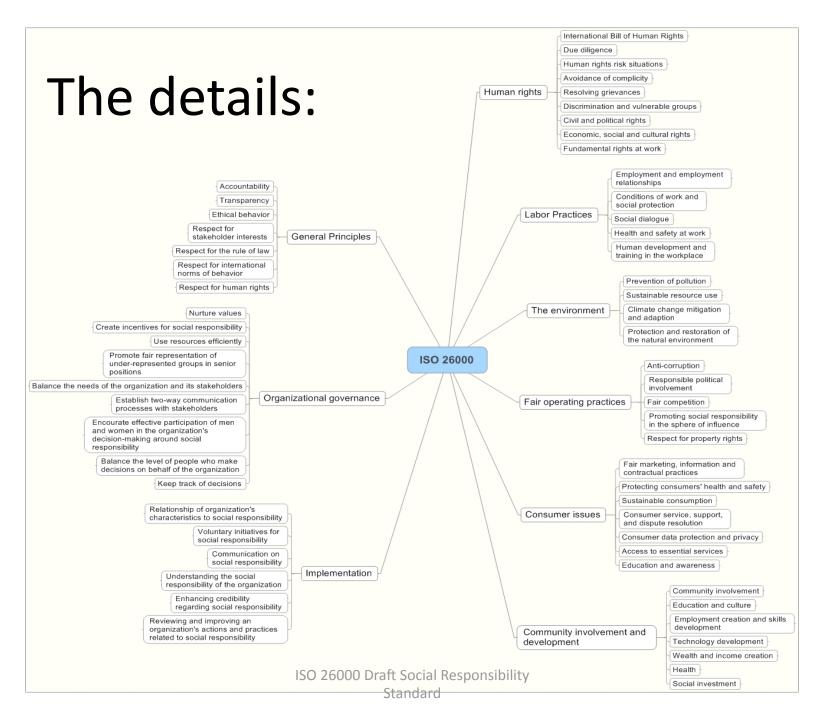
- A 6 year multi-stakeholder process with 400+ experts from 80 countries from all sectors of society
- 60 experts from 34 Liaison organizations
- Partnerships between developed and developing countries
- MOU's with ILO, UNGC, and OECD
- Voting is in process now on the final draft.
 China, India and USA have voted no.

Context of ISO Standards



The big picture:





General Principles

- Compliance with the law
- Respect for internationally recognized instruments
- Recognition for stakeholders and their concerns
- Accountability
- Transparency
- Sustainable development
- Ethical conduct
- Precautionary approach
- Respect for fundamental human rights
- Respect for diversity

Organizational governance

- Nurture values
- Create incentives for social responsibility
- Use resources efficiently
- Promote fair representation of underrepresented groups in senior positions
- Balance the needs of the organization and its stakeholders
- Establish two-way communication processes with stakeholders

Organizational governance (2)

- Encourage effective participation of men and women in the organization's decision-making around social responsibility
- Balance the level of people who make decisions on behalf of the organization
- Keep track of decisions

Human rights

- International Bill of Human Rights
- Due diligence
- Human rights risk situations
- Avoidance of complicity
- Resolving grievances
- Discrimination and vulnerable groups
- Civil and political rights
- Economic, social and cultural rights
- Fundamental rights at work

Labor practices

- Employment and employment relationships
- Conditions of work and social protection
- Social dialogue
- Health and safety at work
- Human development and training in the workplace

The environment

- Prevention of pollution
- Sustainable resource use
- Climate change mitigation and adaption
- Protection and restoration of the natural environment

Fair operating practices

- Anti-corruption
- Responsible political involvement
- Fair competition
- Promoting social responsibility in the sphere of influence
- Respect for property rights

Consumer issues

- Fair marketing, information and contractual practices
- Protecting consumers' health and safety
- Sustainable consumption
- Consumer service, support, and dispute resolution
- Consumer data protection and privacy
- Access to essential services
- Education and awareness

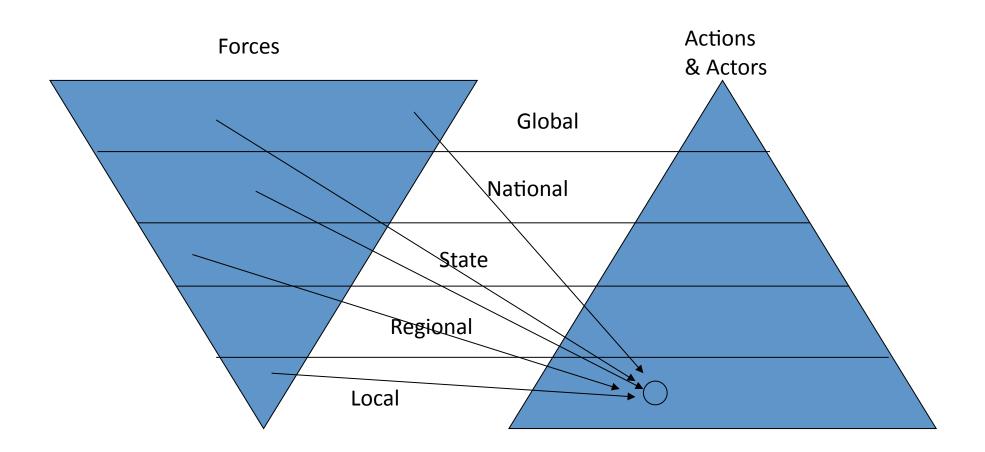
Community involvement and development

- Community involvement
- Education and culture
- Employment creation and skills development
- Technology development
- Wealth and income creation
- Health
- Social investment

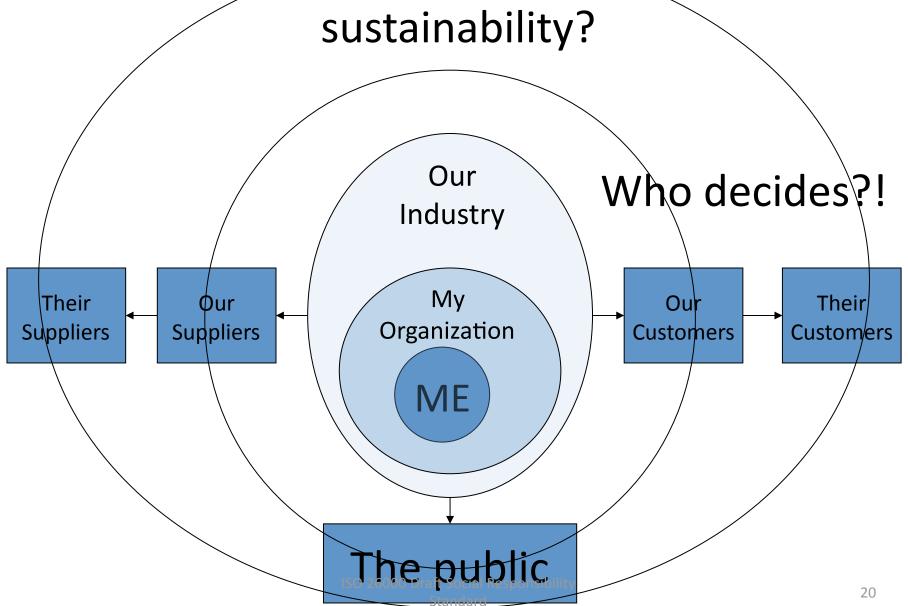
Implementation

- Relationship of organization's characteristics to social responsibility
- Voluntary initiatives for social responsibility
- Communication on social responsibility
- Understanding the social responsibility of the organization
- Enhancing credibility regarding social responsibility
- Reviewing and improving an organization's actions and practices related to social responsibility

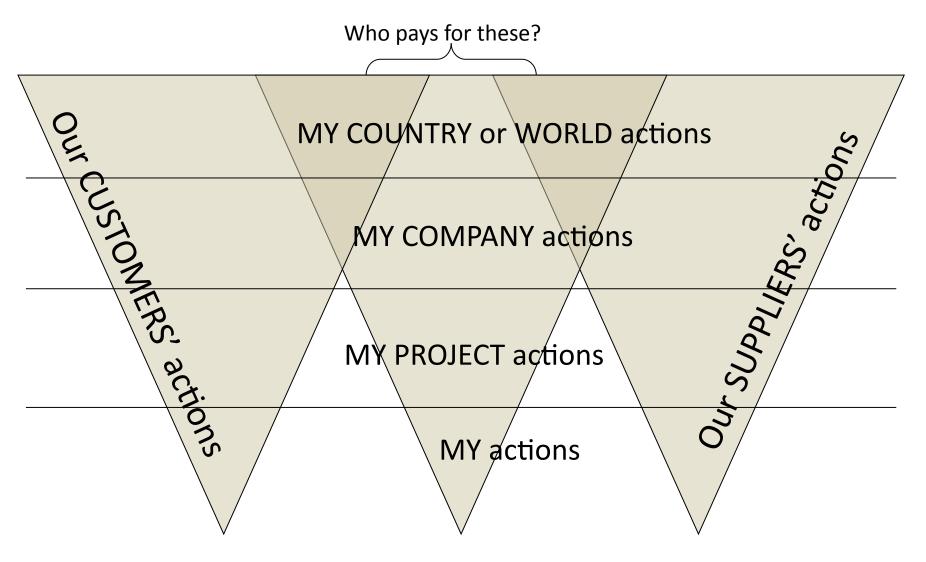
The Forces & Actions Mismatch



What is my responsibility to partner to achieve



The Challenge of Shared Responsibility



Questions about ISO 26000

- Will the "no" votes change the process?
- Will countries use it for certification regulations?
- Will the multi-stakeholder process be used for additional ISO standards, like LCA?
- Will the standard keep up with developments like the "green new deal"?

Ways ISO 26000 could be used

- A branding/marketing tool for organizations
- A political lever for activist groups
- A framework for prioritizing initiatives
- A cost to be internalized in operations
- A framework for consultants to build indicators/indexes and benchmarking tools
- A framework for identifying research needs

Thank you and welcome to the new world!

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