

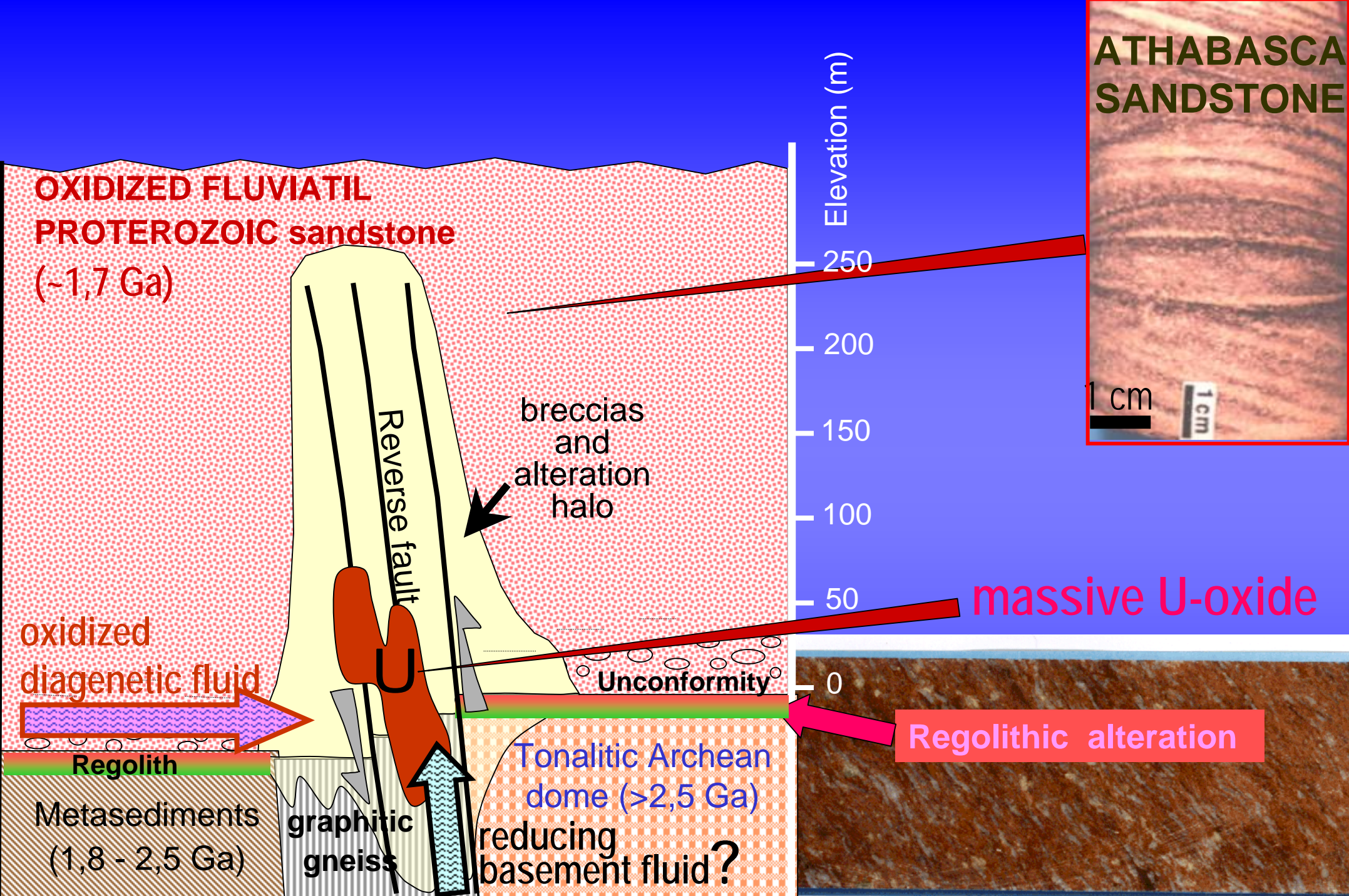


# Unconformity related uranium deposits

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Centre de Recherche sur la Géologie des Matières Premières Énergétiques et Minérales

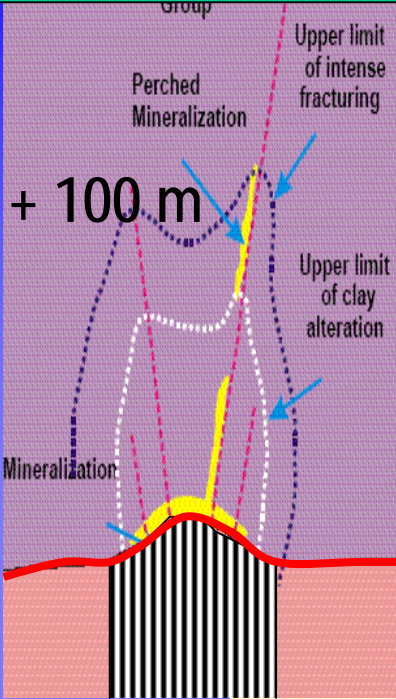




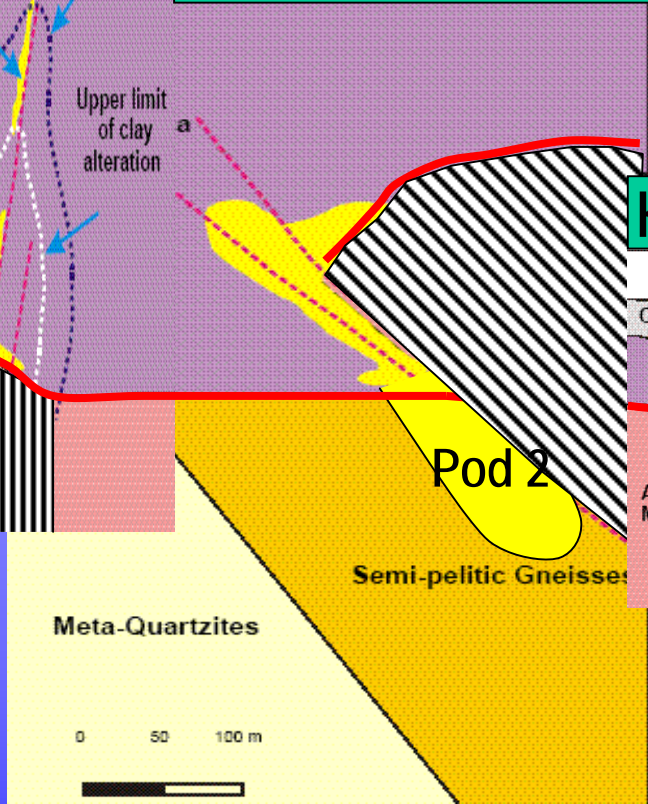
**KOMBOLGIE SANDSTONE (North Territory, Australia)**

# Location of the deposits relatively to the unconformity, graphite schist and structures (Athabasca basin)

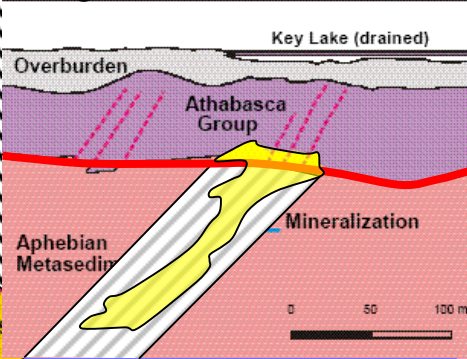
## CIGAR LAKE



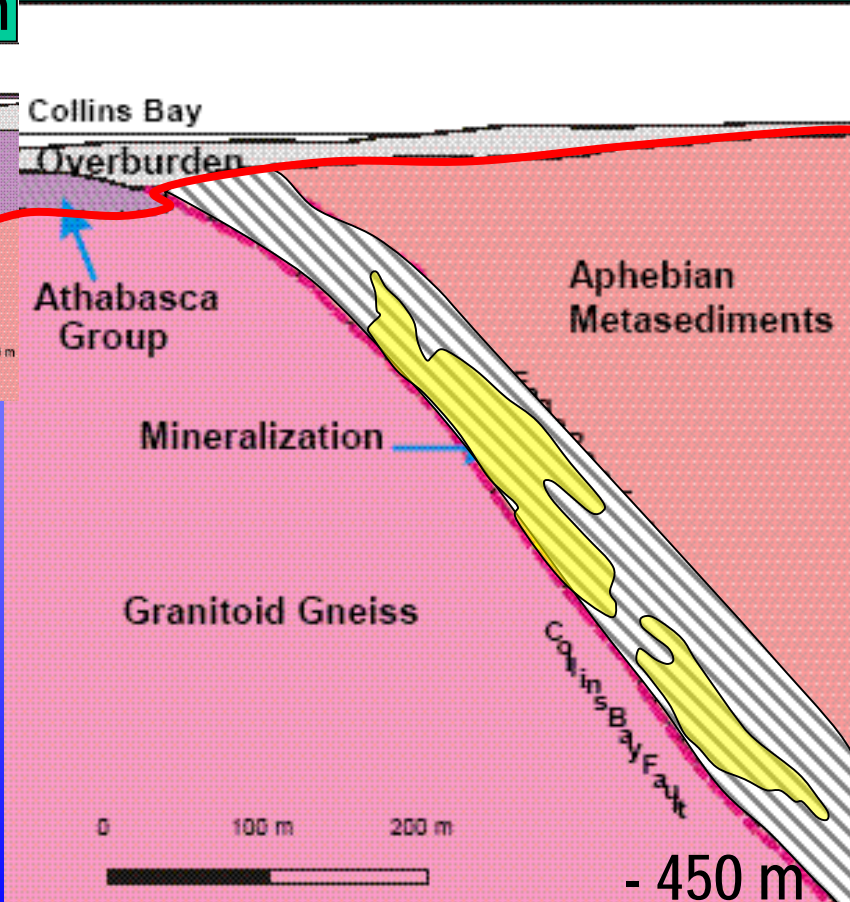
## McArthur River



## Key Lake-Deilman

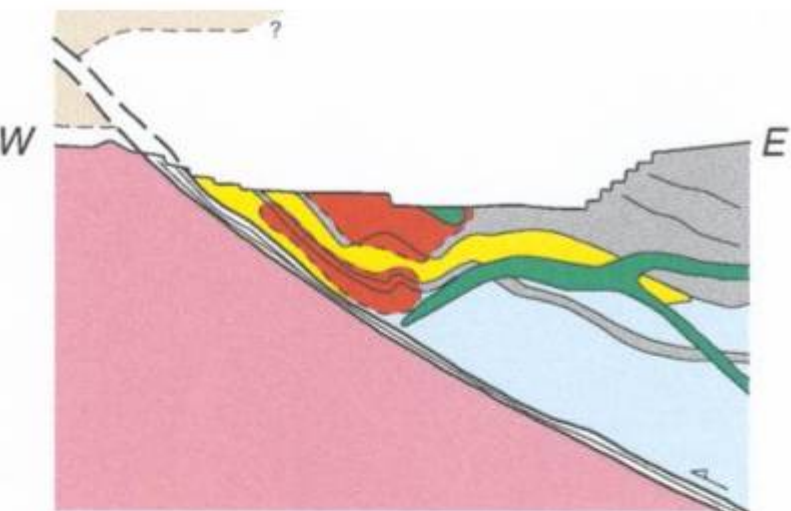


## EAGLE POINT

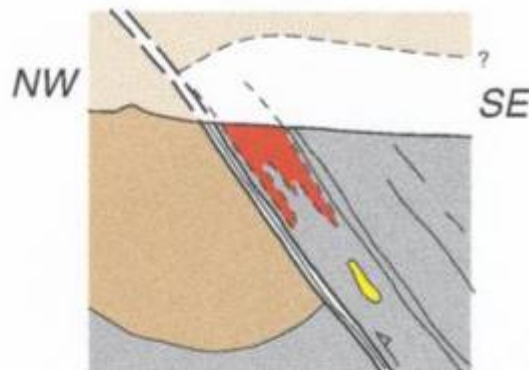


Graphitic schists and structures

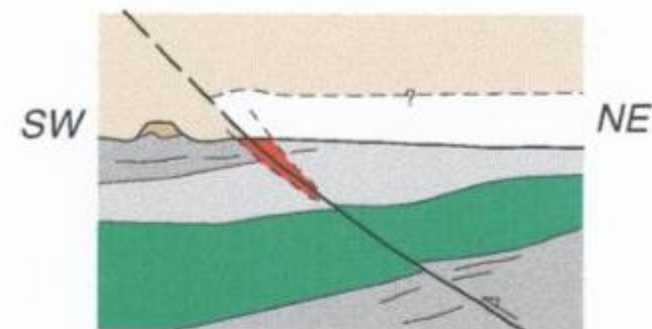
# EAST ALLIGATOR RIVER DEPOSITS (Australia)



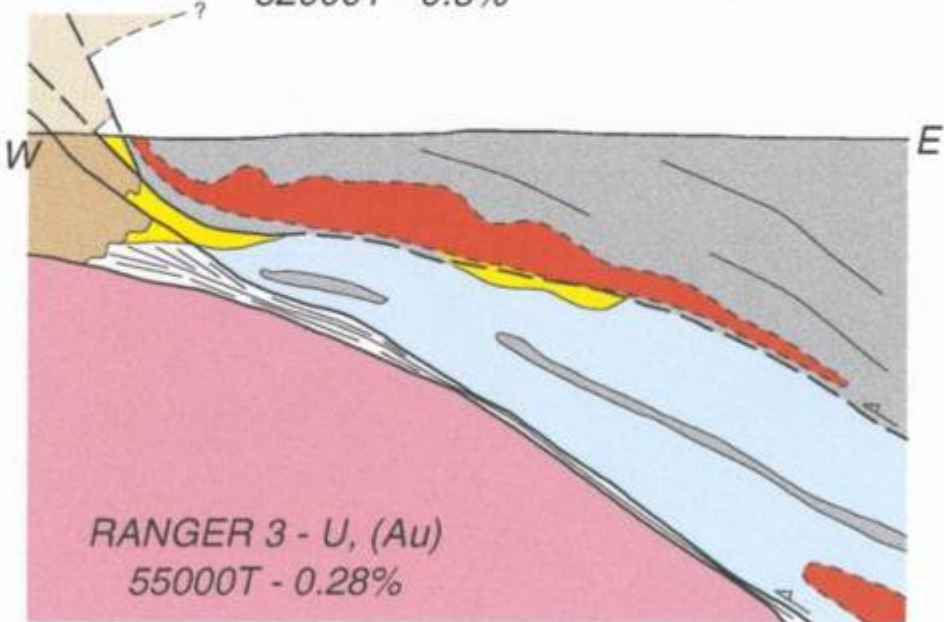
RANGER 1 - U, (Au)  
52000T - 0.3%



KOONGARRA - U, Au  
14500t - 0.79%



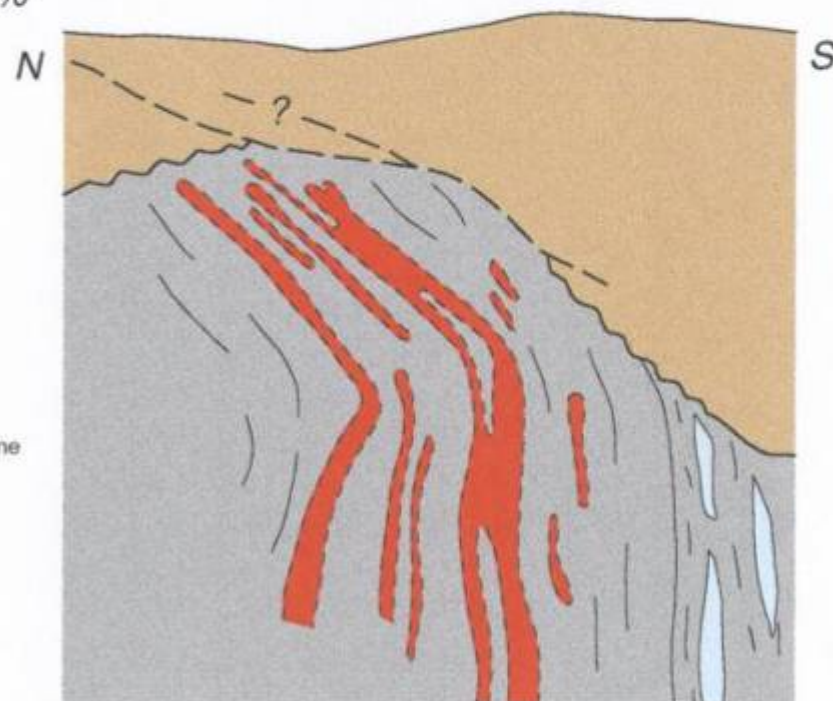
NABARLEK - U, ((Au))  
10800t - 1.95%



RANGER 3 - U, (Au)  
55000T - 0.28%

200m

- Ore
- Dolerite
- Kombolgie sandstone
- Amphibolites
- Schists
- Cherts
- Carbonates
- Archaean



JABILUKA - U, Au  
90000t - 0.46%

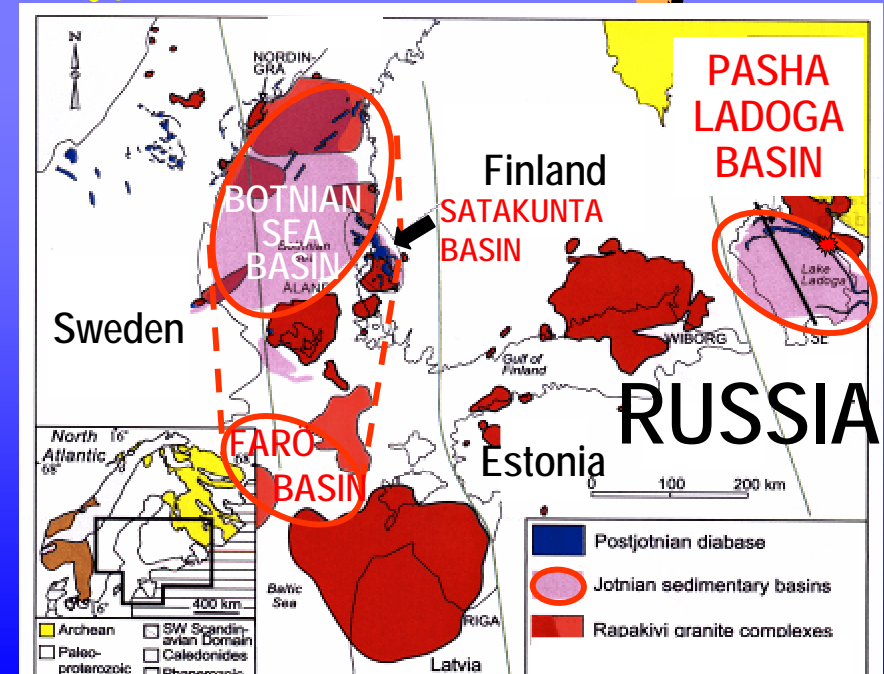
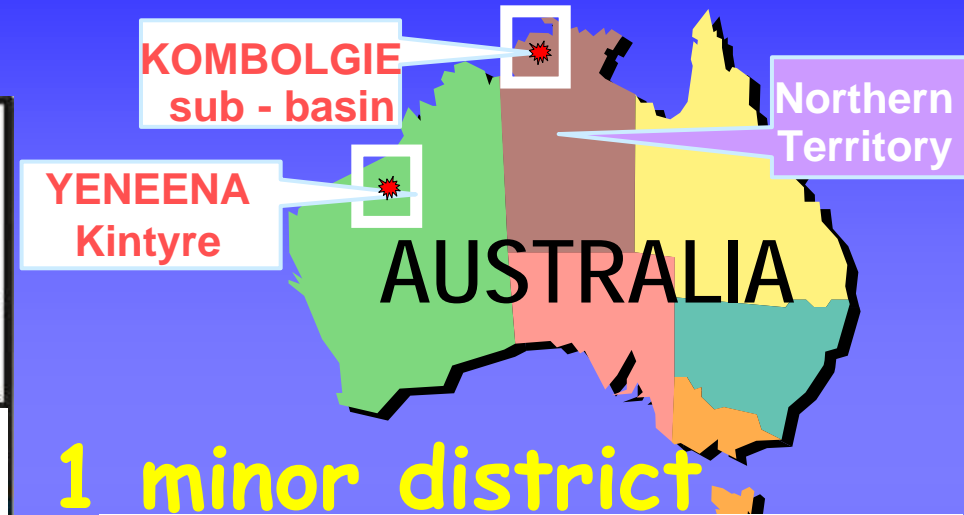
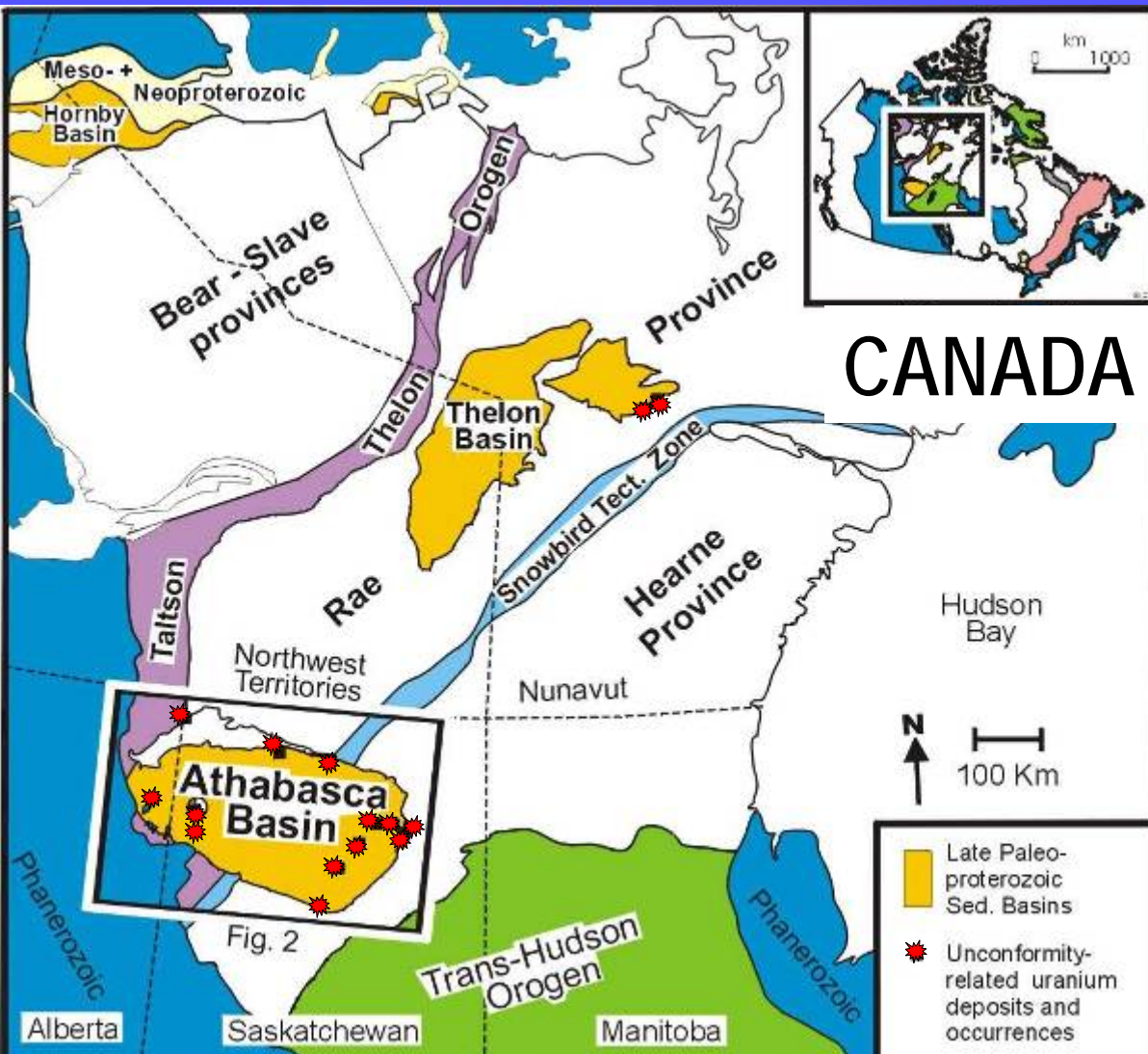
## 2 - Tonnage - teneurs des principaux gisements liés aux discordances

		tons U	U %	
Athabasca > 500 000 t U	McArthur River	220,000 @	17.4	in operation
	Cigar Lake	142,000 @	15	in preparation
	Key Lake	68,000 @	2.3	exhausted
	Eagle Point	50,900 @	1.4	in operation
	Cluff district	24,000 @	0.92	exhausted
	Collins Bay (A,B,C)	19,890 @	1.44	exhausted
	Rabbit Lake	16,250 @	0.27	exhausted
	Sue (A,B,C,D,E)	16,050 @	1.5	in operation
East All.R. > 200 000 t U	Jabiluka 1	2,800 @	0.25	in exploration
	Jabiluka 2	90,400 @	0.46	stand-by
	Koongarra 1	14,500 @	0.79	stand-by
	Ranger 1	54,000 @	0.35	exhausted
	Ranger 3	56,500 @	0.31	in operation
	Nabarlek	11,500 @	1.86	exhausted

Dernière découverte majeure 1988

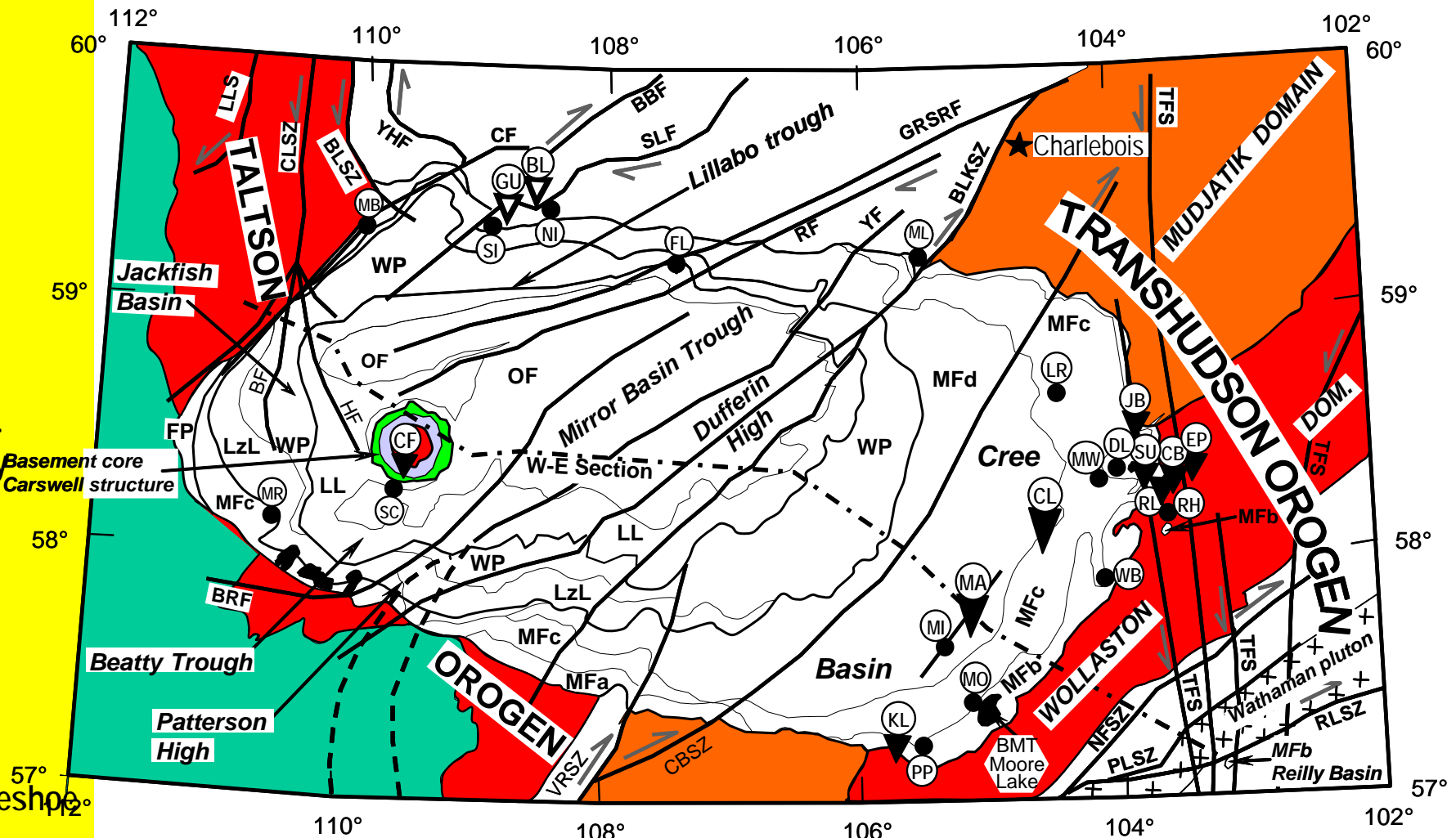
# 3 – IDENTIFICATION of FAVORABLE BASSINS

## 2 major districts:



# ATHBASCA BASIN AREA GEOLOGY & U DEPOSITS

- BL = Beaverlodge
- CB = Collins Bay
- CF = Cluff Lake
- CL = Cigar Lake
- DL = Dawn Lake
- EP = Eagle Point
- FL = Fond du Lac
- GU = Gunnar
- JB = Jeb
- KL = Key Lake
- LR = La Roque
- MA = McArthur R.
- MB = Maurice Bay
- MI = Millenium
- ML = MacLean
- MO = Moore Lake
- MR = Maybelle R.
- MW = Midwest
- NI = Nicholson
- PP = P Patch
- RH = Raven Horseshoe
- RL = Rabbit Lake
- SC = Shea Creak
- SU = Sue
- SI = Stewart Island
- WB = West Bear



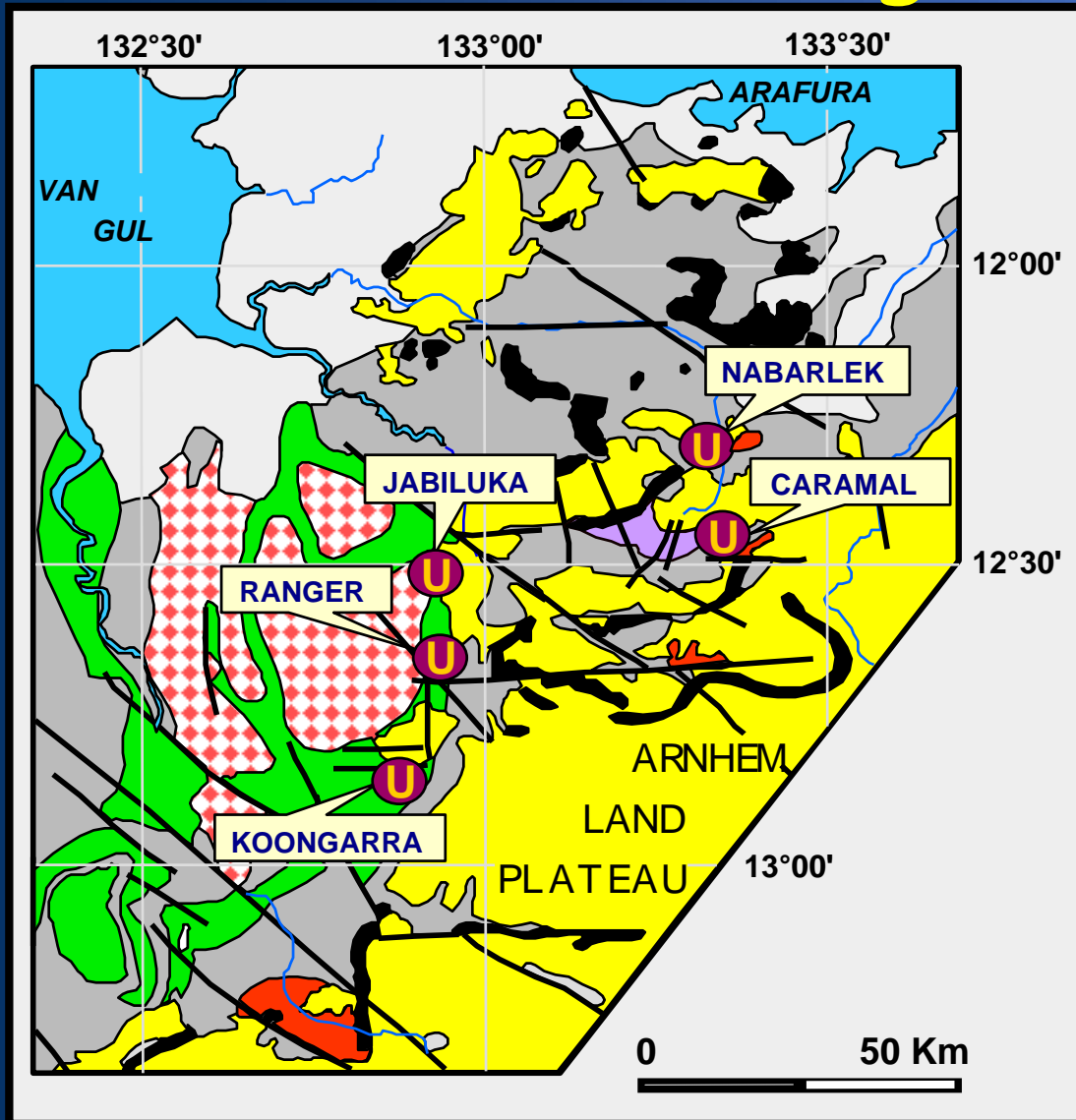
- |   |  |   |
|---|--|---|
| ★ Hudsonian U mineralization  | ▼ Very large unconf. related U deposit   | ● Not mined U deposit or U showings   |
| ▼ Late-Hudsonian U deposit  | ▼ Large unconf. related U deposit  |   |
| <span style="display: inline-block; width: 15px; height: 15px; background-color: #d1c4e9; border: 1px solid black;"></span> Douglas Formation | <span style="display: inline-block; width: 15px; height: 15px; background-color: #00ff00; border: 1px solid black;"></span> Carswell Formation | <span style="display: inline-block; width: 15px; height: 15px; background-color: #00b050; border: 1px solid black;"></span> Paleozoic sediments |

FP = Fair Point, MFa - MFd = Manitou Falls, LZ = Lazenby Lake, WP = Wolverine Point, LL = Locker Lake, OF = Otherside  
 modified from Ramaekers and Catuneanu, 2004



# UNCONFORMITY TYPE U-DEPOSIT

## Kombolgie sub-Basin



### Middle Proterozoic

 Kombolgie Formation

### Early-Middle Proterozoic

 Oenpelli Dolerite

### Early Proterozoic

 Jim Jim, Tin Camp and Nabarlek Granites

 Nourlangie Schist

 Cahill Formation

 Kakadu Group

### Archean-Early Proterozoic

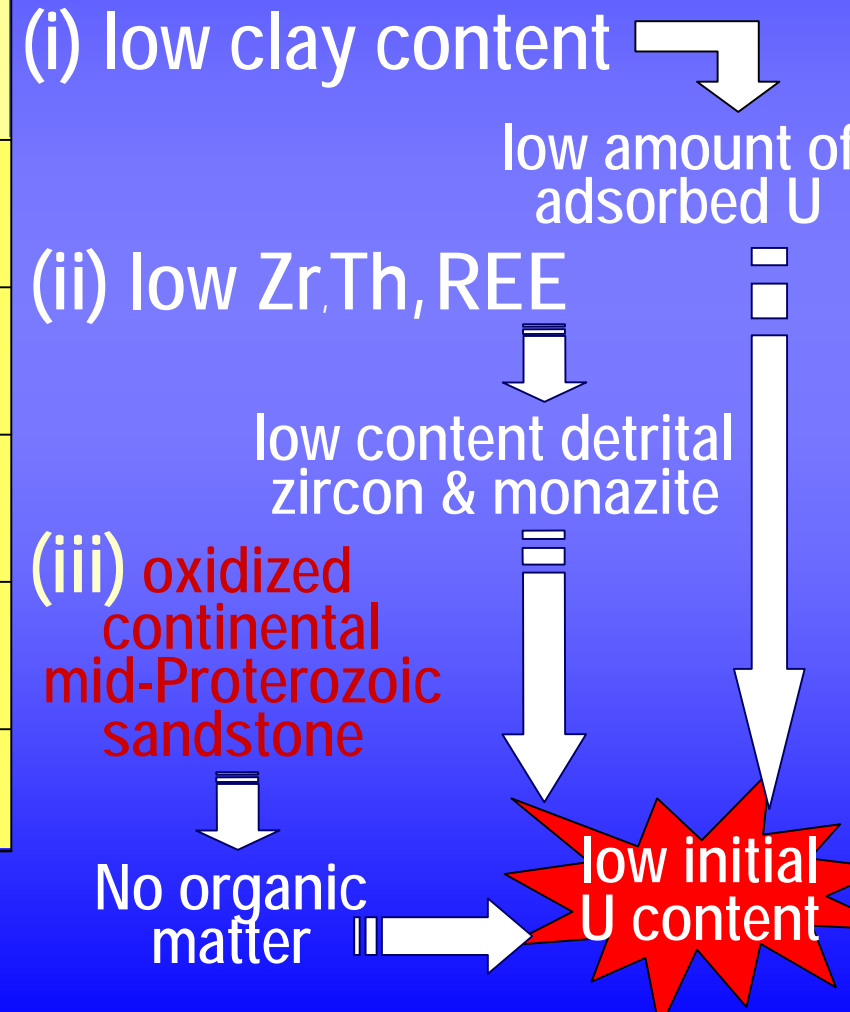
 Nanambu Complex

# (i) Athabasca sandstone as a major U-source ?

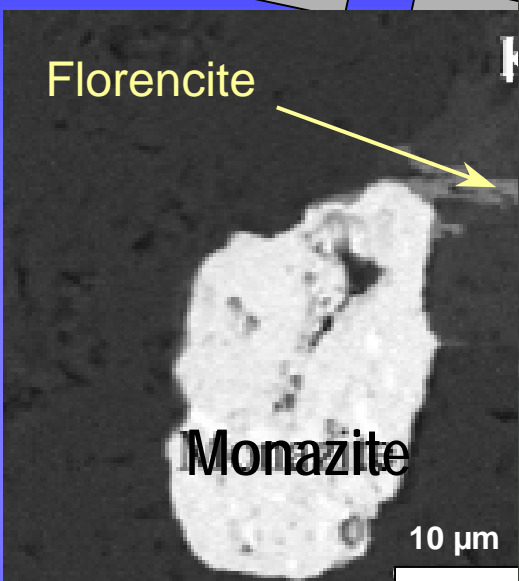
## Initial U-content of the Athabasca sandstone ?

	West Athabasca	Central Athabasca	East Athabasca	TOTAL Athabasca	Kombolgie
SiO <sub>2</sub>	97.27	96.18	96.04	96.74	94.37
Th	4.7	8.2	16.5	9.0	7.0
U	1.4	0.9	1.3	1.3	1.1
Zr	136	160	259	179	102
La	11.1	17.5	19.4	14.6	15.4
<i>n</i>	147	31	86	264	122

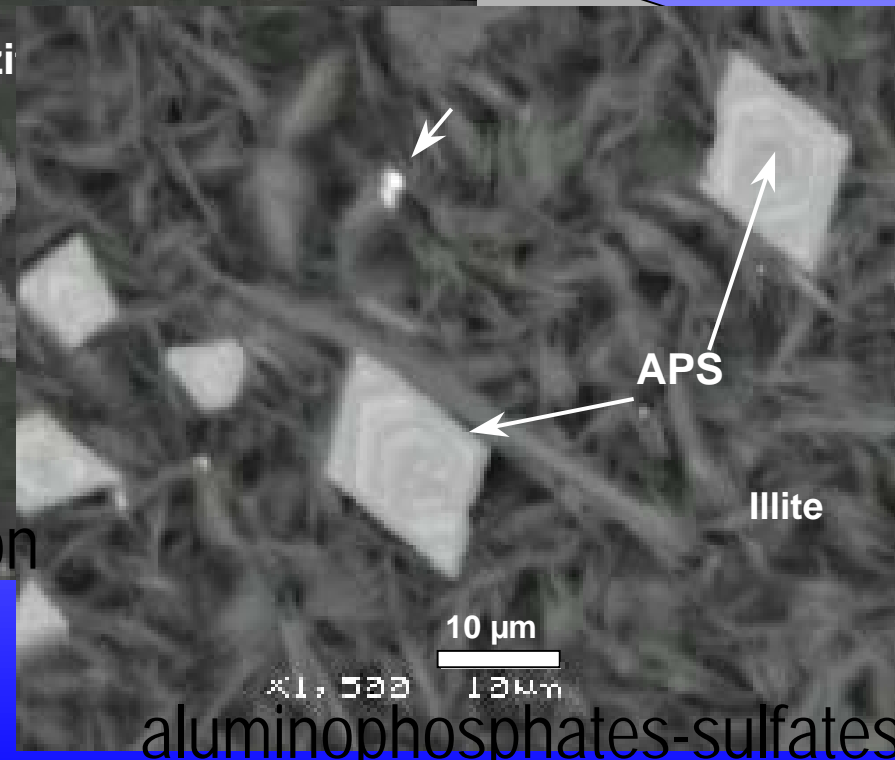
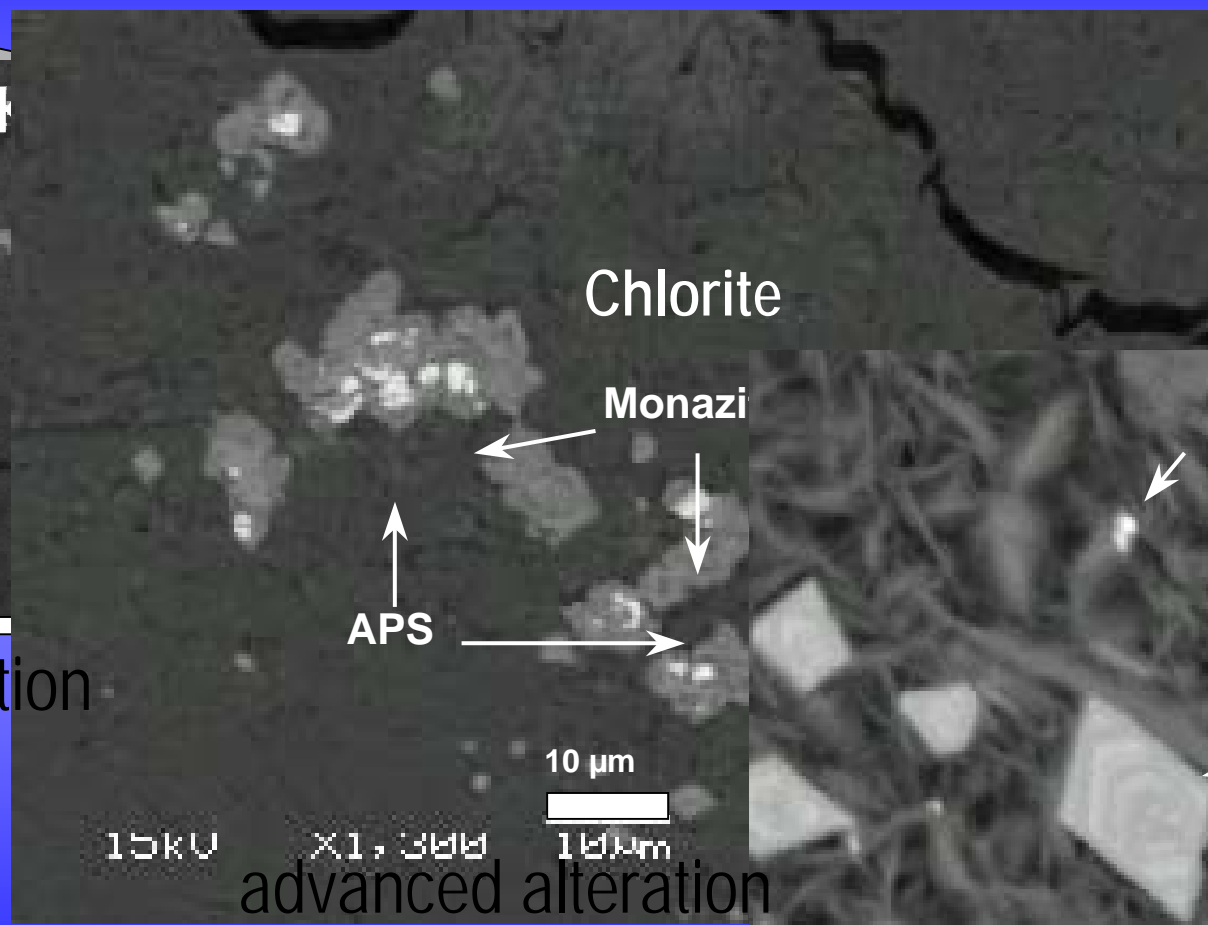
Samples outside mineralized areas



# MONAZITE ALTERATION TO ALUMINOPHOSPHATES-SULFATES

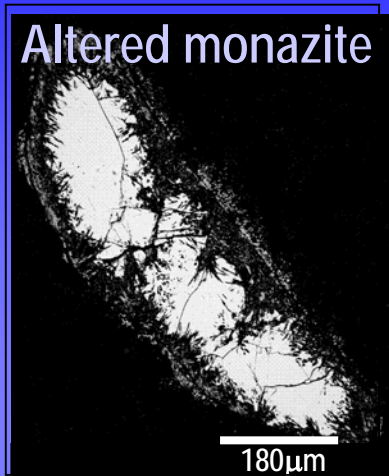


Incipient alteration

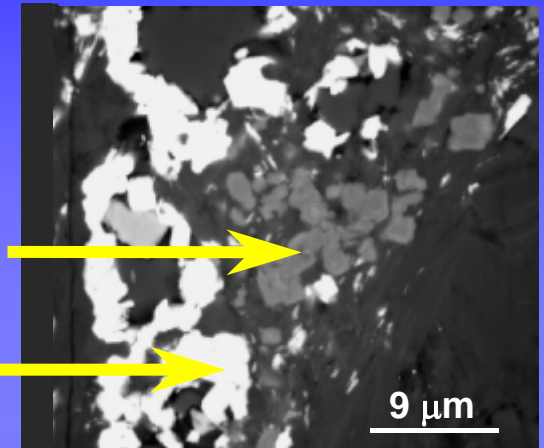


# U MOBILIZATION MECHANISM

Redistribution of U liberated from  
**MONAZITE** alteration both:  
- in the altered basement  
- in the sandstone



- (i) Florencite [REE-Ca-Al phosphate]
- (ii) + Th-silico-phosphate



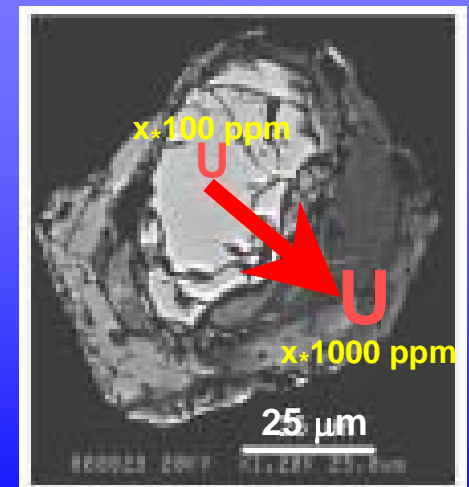
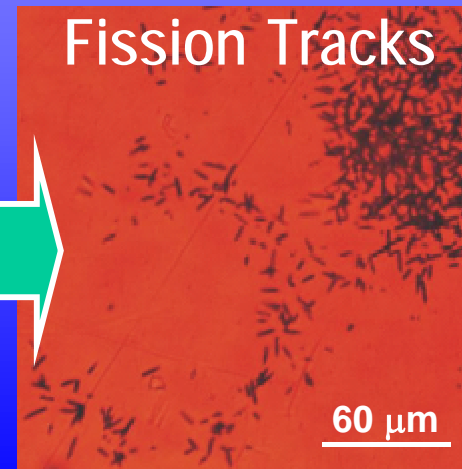
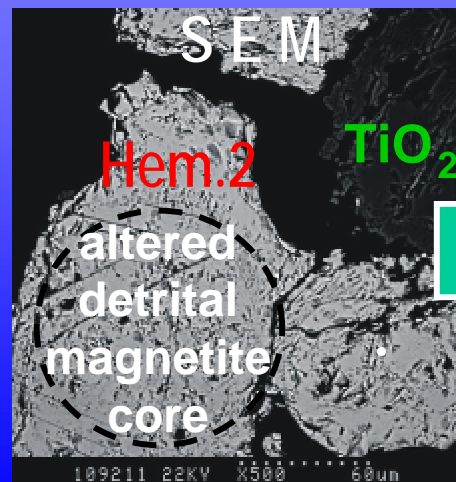
x 1000ppmU

(ii) Zircon alteration

(iii) Trapping on Fe- & Ti- oxides

(iv) xenotime  
overgrowths  
on zircon  
(poor in uranium)

(v) Fluid  
transfert ?



(ii)

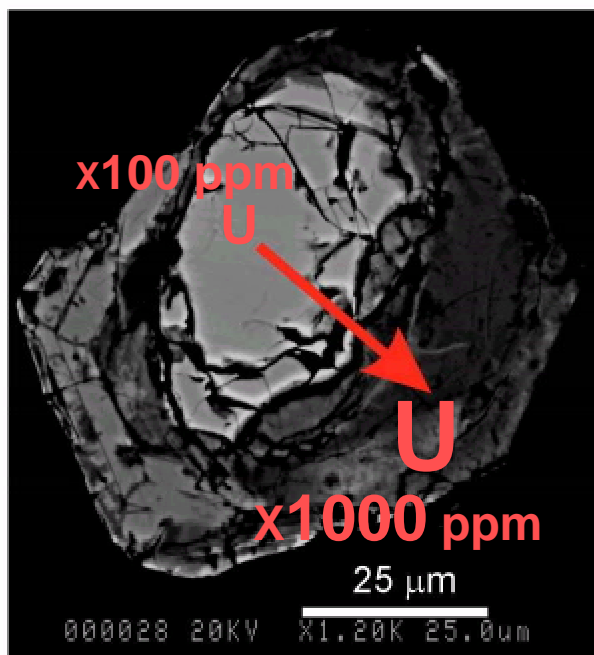
The metamorphic –igneous  
basement

as a major U-source ?

# U MOBILISATION MECHANISM from the SOURCES :

L. Hecht & M. Cuney 1999

## Zircon alteration

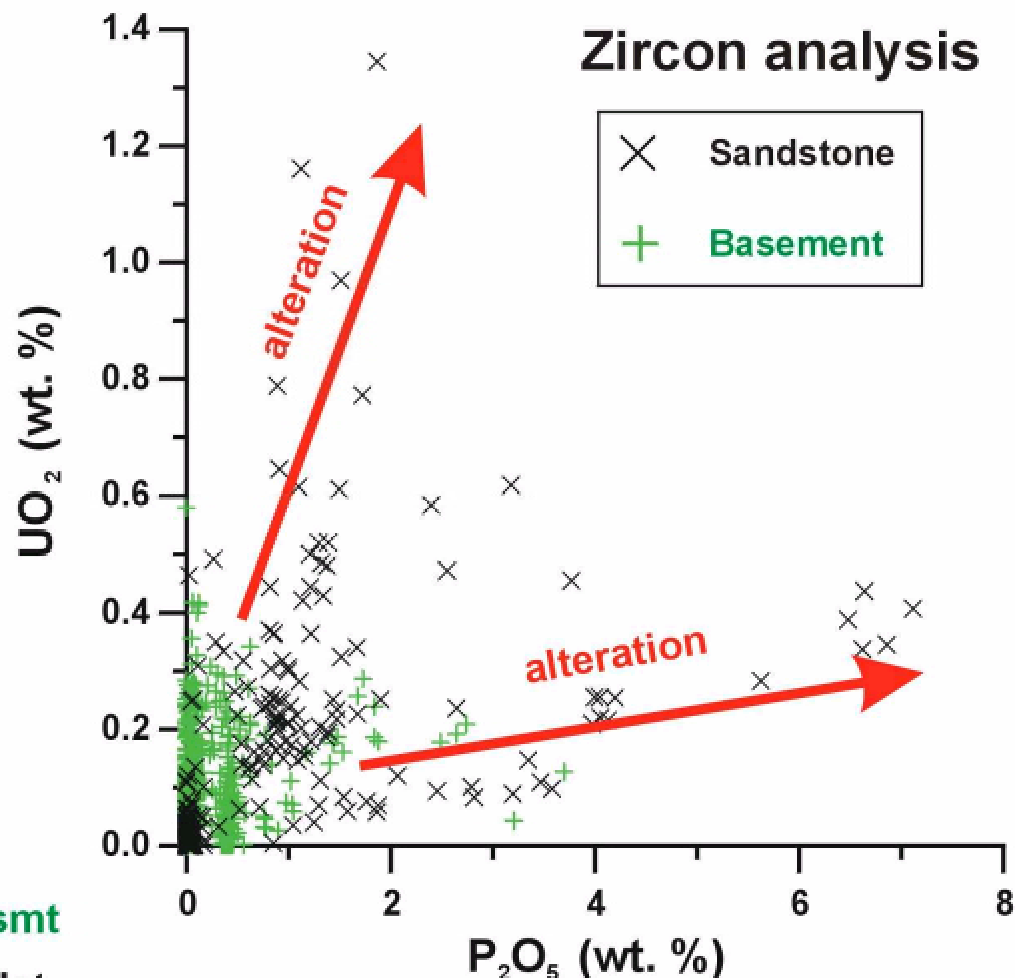


Zircon in sandstone ERC 1 - 763.66

Average U-contents  
of unaltered zircons

$UO_2 = 0.09 \text{ wt. \%}$  (n=565) bsmt

$UO_2 = 0.05 \text{ wt. \%}$  (n=128) sdst



## (ii) Basement as a major U-source ?

### URANIUM PRECONCENTRATIONS IN THE BASEMENT

#### . pre-metamorphic

Paleoproterozoic epicontinental platform sediments :  
Metamorphosed black shales  
U-rich meta-arkoses, ...

#### . syn-metamorphic (U fractionation during partial melting)

Leucogranites and pegmatoids  
i.e : Charlebois « alaskites » in the Wollaston belt

#### . post-metamorphic pre-Athabasca

Taltson & Hudsonian high-K, Th, U calcalkaline granitoids  
Vein type U-deposits (Beaverlodge (1.8 Ga)  
Episyenite type U-deposit (Gunnar)



Plenty of basement U-rich lithologies, some are weakly reduced